

## XENAX® Powerlink PLCopen Library

Version 1.2

June 2015



XENAX® Ethernet Servo Controller with  
POWERLINK® fieldbus module

Functional safety, TÜV certified

Force processes for “Force Control”

### General

This manual describes the integration of the  
XENAX® Xvi75V8 Servo Controller into a B&R PLC  
with the Automation Studio.

Therefore the Jenny Science PLCopen library  
“JsMclib” based on the CANopen Motion Profile  
DS402 will be used.

This documentation includes examples with  
configurations, program integration and testing.

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## 1 Development environment

### 1.1 Controller, Tools, Libraries

#### Automation Studio

Software for the configuration of the B&R PLC with project handling.

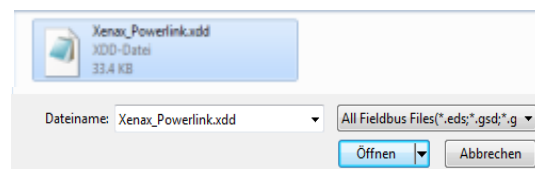
Software for configuration and programming of the B&R PLC, including project management. This manual is based on Automation Studio V4



#### Electronic data sheet

XDD-file (XML Device Description) is a standard XML-format according to ISO 15745-4.

This file includes communication parameter and objects of the XENAX® Servo Controller. These are necessary for the integration into Automation Studio V4.



#### JsMcLib

##### (Jenny Science Motion Control Library)

This PLCopen library is based on the motion profile DS 402 including the corresponding "state-machine".

Using the Jenny Science library will simplify the "motion"-programming.

JS_MC_MoveAbsolute			
UDINT	Axis	Done	BOOL
BOOL	Execute	Busy	BOOL
REAL	Position	CommandAborted	BOOL
REAL	Velocity	Error	BOOL
REAL	Acceleration	ErrorID	UINT
REAL	Scurve		

#### B&R PLC with Powerlink

For example the X20-System, controls the cyclic data communication and defines the clock pulse for the "cyclic synchronous position mode" which is used for axis interpolation.

#### X20 System

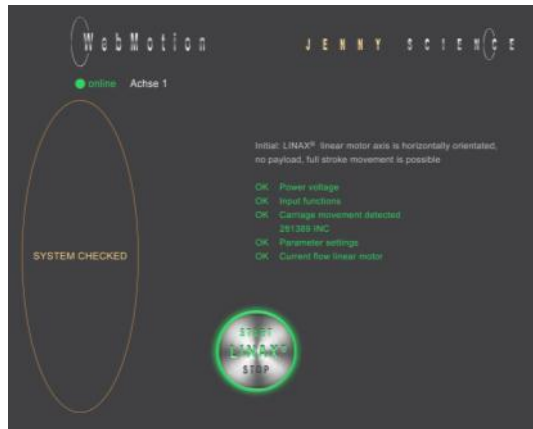


## 1.2 WebMotion®

### WebMotion®

This is the graphical user interface from Jenny Science. It is stored in the embedded Web server of the XENAX® Servo Controller as a Java applet. WebMotion® is launched with a web browser by entering the TCP/IP address of XENAX® Servo Controller.

LINAX® / ELAX® linear motor axes are automatically recognized. The corresponding controller parameters are saved and loaded automatically. With the Quick Start button, the linear motor axis can operate immediately. No user manual is needed.



The parametrization of the XENAX® Servo Controller is made over an Ethernet TCP/IP connection.

You can find the pre-set IP-address on the backside of your XENAX® Servo Controller.

Web address:

<http://192.168.2.1xx/XENAX.html>

To change the IP/ Web address you can use the Lantronix DeviceInstaller.



For additional information of the TCP/IP connection you could use the "[Xvi75 Manual E.pdf](#)" or the video Tutorial on YouTube. <http://www.jennyscience.de/video-tutorials/>.

### 1.3 XENAX® Servo Controller

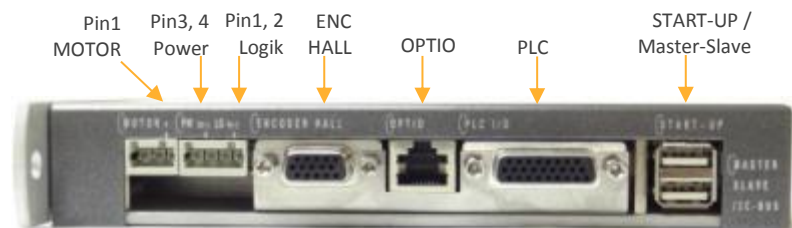
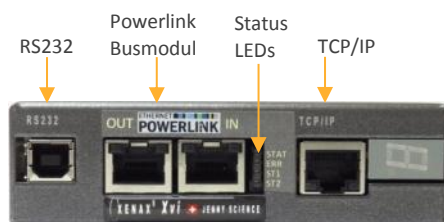
#### XENAX® Ethernet Servo Controller

With additional POWERLINK fieldbus module.

To use the JsMcLib v2.10.1 or higher the XENAX® Servo Controller firmware v3.64D or higher and the POWERLINK fieldbus module firmware v2.0 or higher are required.

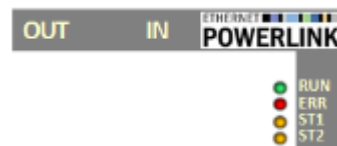


#### 1.3.1 Socket XENAX®



#### 1.3.2 State LEDs on the Powerlink fieldbus module.

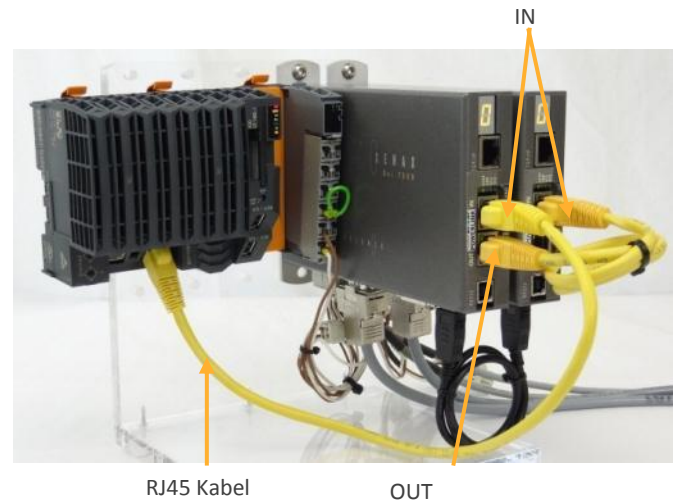
These are the states of the LED on the Powerlink fieldbus module.



LED state	RUN (STAT)	ERR	ST1 Status 1	ST2 Status 2
<OFF>	In init process or no power	Bus module no error		Bus module I ready
<ON>	Operational state	State bus off	No application in the flash	
<Blink>	Pre-Operational state			Protocol download in progress

#### 1.4 Powerlink connection from B&R PLC to XENAX®

Typically the Powerlink fieldbus is controlled with a linear structure from device to device. Shielded RJ45 cables go from the IN to the OUT to connect the devices with each other.



#### 1.5 Industrial Hub for more than 4 XENAX®

A maximum of 4 XENAX® Servo Controllers can be connected in a row. If there are more than 4 Servo Controller used, an industrial hub from B&R will be necessary. Each contact can be used for 4 Servo Controller.



For example: With the HUB Nr. [0AC808.9-1](#) from B&R.

A maximum of  $7 \cdot 4 = 28$  controllers could be connected.

#### 1.6 Firmware Update

The firmware can easily be updated with the according tutorial video "Ethernet TCP/IP Connection to XENAX" under [www.jennyscience.de/en/](http://www.jennyscience.de/en/) -> Video Tutorials.

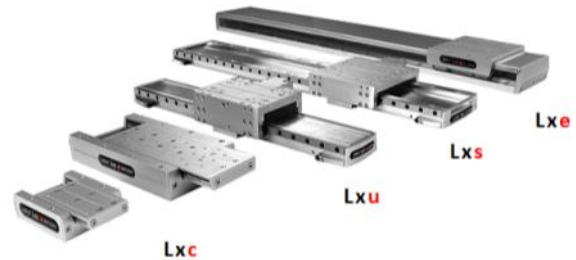
## 1.7 LINAX®, ELAX® Linear Motor Axis

### LINAX® Linear Motor-Axis

Are available in different lengths and types. The LINAX® linear motor axes are highly modular and can be combined flexibly amongst each other.

The XENAX® Servo Controller identifies the connected LINAX® linear motor axis and configures the control parameters automatically.

Each XENAX® Servo Controller can control one linear motor axis.



Lxc, c = compact  
 Lxu, u = universal  
 Lxs, s = shuttle  
 Lxe, e = exclusive

### ELAX® Linear Motor Slide

The ELAX® Linear Motor Slide are predestined for fast, precise positioning tasks. It's a Modular system with strokes of 30-150mm.

The variable one-cable connection can be mounted on the back or sideways.

The XENAX® Servo Controller identifies the connected ELAX® and parametrizes automatically.





## 2 Automation Studio

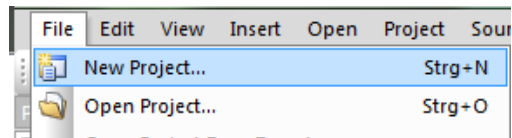
### 2.1 New Project

In the following steps it will be shown how a new project can be opened.



Start the Automation Studio from B&R.

*File -> New Project ->*



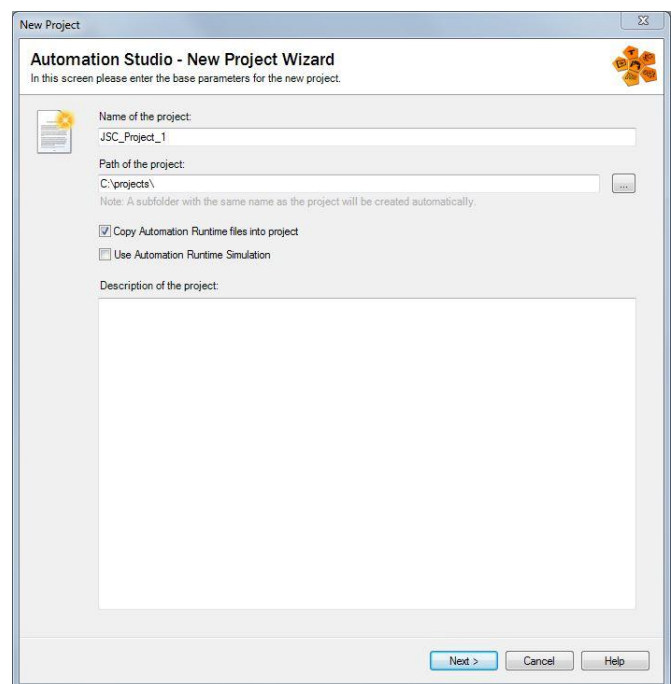
Enter your project name e.g. „JSC\_Project\_1“  
The storage path will be shown and can be changed.

Select

☒ Copy Automation Runtime support.....

☐ Use Automation Runtime Simulation.  
It is not necessary to run a simulation if the PLC  
is used as hardware.

-> Next



A Configuration name suggestion will be shown.

Our Configuration name is:  
„Hardware\_Config\_1“

☒ **Define a new hardware configuration manually**

The basic hardware for the configuration can be assembled from the following pages of the wizard. This option has to be selected if Automation Studio is used for the first time and no B&R control is connected to the PC.

☐ **Identify hardware configuration online**

The hardware configuration will be loaded automatically from the connected B&R control  
The hardware configuration is automatically visible in the configuration.

☐ **Reference an existing hardware configuration**

The existing hardware configuration from another Automation Studio project or from another configuration in the same project can be used as a reference.

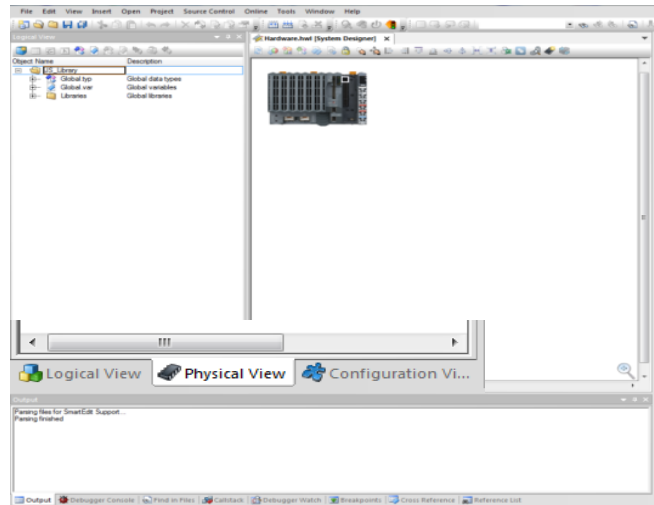
-> Next

We choose the B&R PLC X20CP1485-1

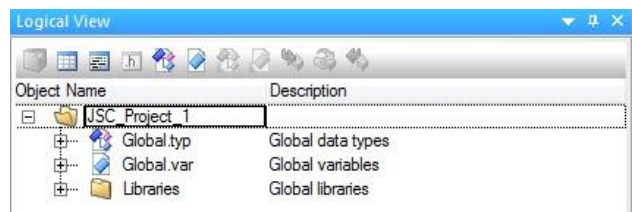
-> Finish

Model Number	Description
PC	Standard PC
X20CP0201	X20 Compact CPU, emb. uP16
X20CP0291	X20 Compact CPU, emb. uP16, Ethernet
X20CP0292	X20 Compact CPU, emb. uP25, Ethernet
X20CP1483	X20 CPU x86 100, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1483-1	X20 CPU x86 100, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1484	X20 CPU Celeron 266, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1484-1	X20 CPU Celeron 266, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1485	X20 CPU Celeron 400, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1485-1	X20 CPU Celeron 400, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1486	X20 CPU Celeron 550, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1503	X20 CPU ATOM, 0.3GHz, POWERLINK, 1x IF
X20CP1504	X20 CPU ATOM, 0.6GHz, POWERLINK, 1x IF

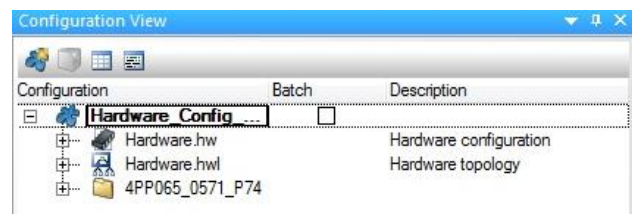
You can choose between three different views:  
**Logical View**, **Physical View** and **Configuration View**. After including the B&R control, each view has now basic settings.



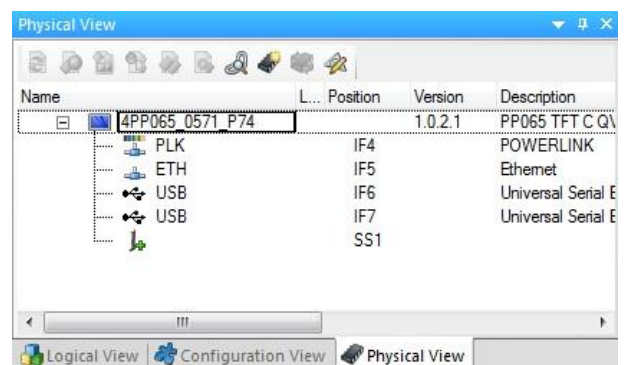
The **Logical View** represents the hardware independent view of the application. Use this view to list and manage data type declarations, variable declarations, packages, programs, libraries, data objects and documentation files.



The **Configuration View** represents the hardware dependent application perspective. Use this view to display and manage the hardware configuration, software configuration files, declaration of permanent variables, I/O routings, Automation Runtime configuration, configuration NC, NC routings, VC keyboard mapping, configuration-specific data objects and documentation files.

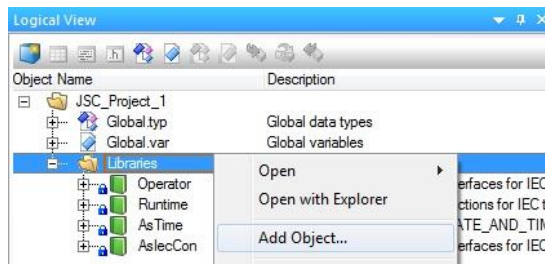


The **Physical View** provides the hardware point view of the active configuration. It displays the active configuration hardware modules in a directory tree.



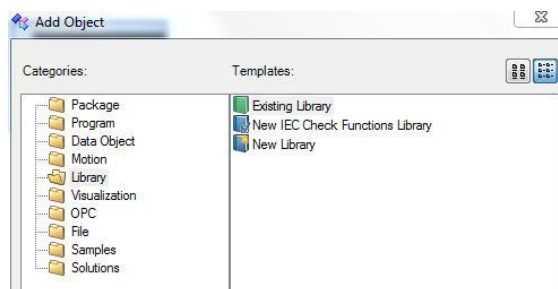
## 2.2 Import of the JsMcLib library

In the *Logical View* right click on the folder  
Libraries,  
-> Add Object...



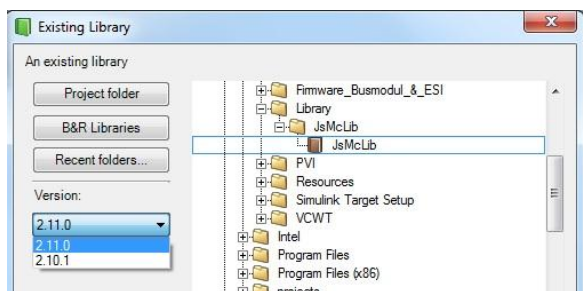
Categories -> Library -> Existing Library

-> Next



In the following step you have to select the  
“JsMcLib” library. If there are several versions,  
you can select the latest version in the “Version”  
drop-down list on the left side.

-> Next

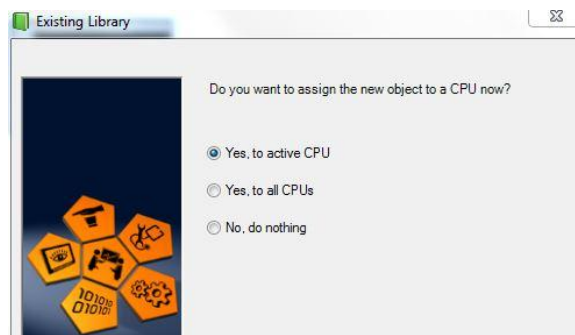


With **“Yes, to active CPU”** the “library” is added  
to the active “CPU”.

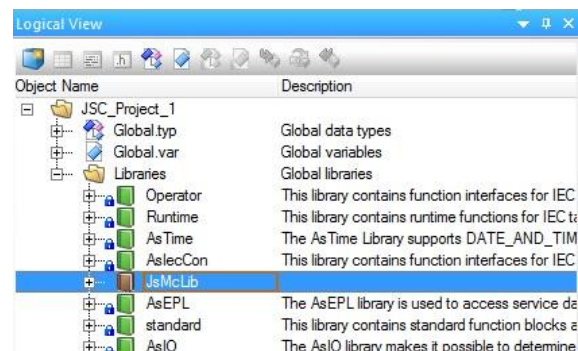
By choosing **“Yes, to all CPUs”** the library is  
added to all CPU's, in the case of more than a  
configured CPU.

By choosing **“No, do nothing”**, the “library” will  
not be assigned to any CPU. The assignment has  
to be done manually.

-> Finish

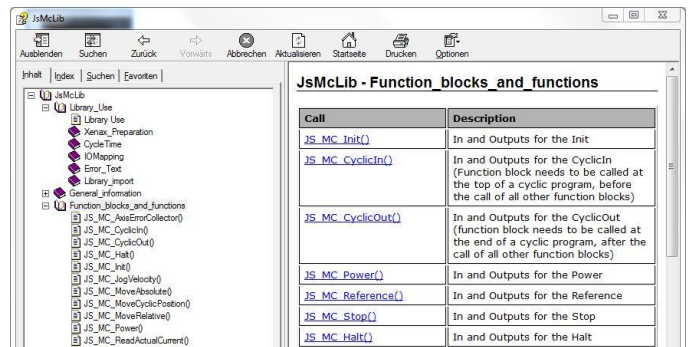


The inserted library is now visible in the *Logical View*  
View -> Libraries..



## 2.2.1 JsMcLib User Help

The help for the function blocks of the JsMcLib library, can be opened by selecting the JsMcLib library and then press the “F1” button.



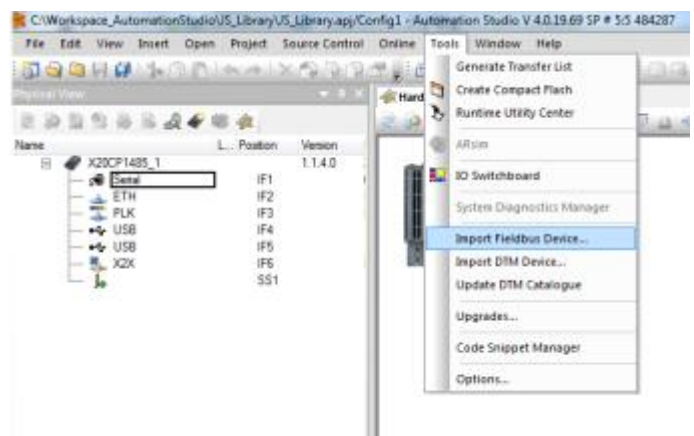
## 2.3 Embed XENAX® CANopen object file (.XDD)

The XENAX® Servo Controller is operating according to the device profile for electric drives CANopen DS402.

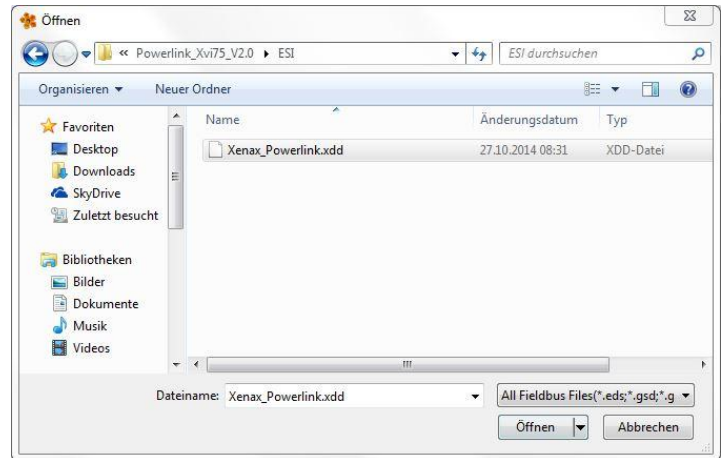
This device profile then goes on the Powerlink Ethernet fieldbus (CANopen over Powerlink).

The CANopen object list is included in the description file “Xenax\_Powerlink.xdd” and will be integrated into the Automation Studio. Main menu -> Tools -> Import Fieldbus Device....

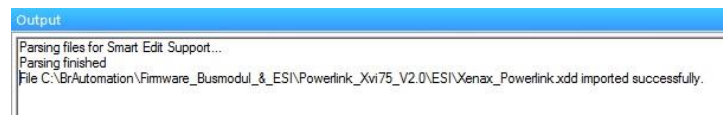
These objects are provided in readable form by the “Xenax\_Powerlink.html” file on the delivered CD under XENAX®\_Xvi\_75V8 \ XENAX®\_Xvi\_Powerlink\ or on [www.jennyscience.de/en/](http://www.jennyscience.de/en/).



Choose the path of the .xdd-File -> *Open*.



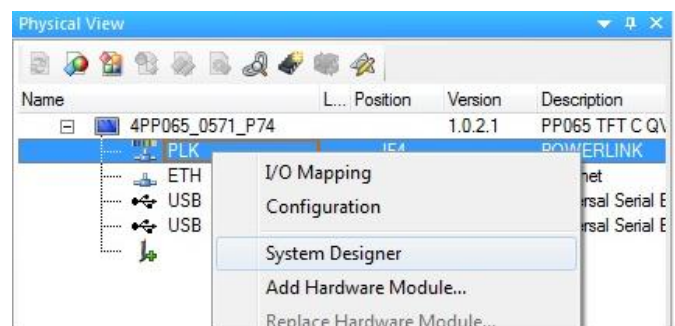
„... imported successfully“ will be shown on the „Output“ window



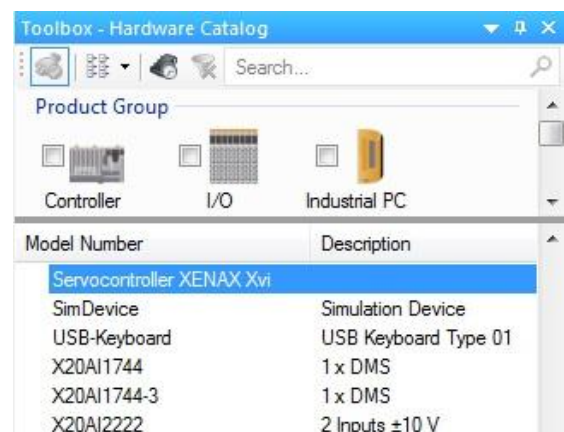
## 2.4 Embed XEANAX® Servo Controller in project

Include „Servo Controller XENAX Xvi“ from Toolbox into the project

Physical View-> select the Power Link Interface -> right click -> System Designer.



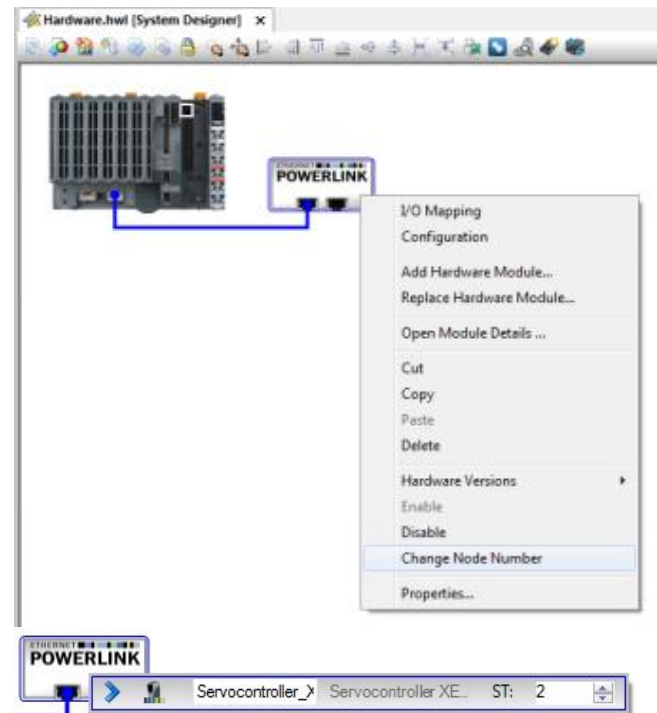
Toolbox-> Hardware Catalog select “Servo Controller XENAX Xvi” and doubleclick it to include to the System Designer.



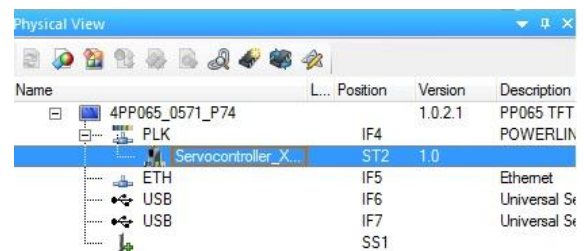


For the connection, the „Node Number“ has to be the same as the “Card Identifier” (CI) on the XENAX® Servo Controller.

The CI number can easily be changed on the WebMotion® under “by command line” with the ASCII code e.g. “CI2”  
Read with “CI?”

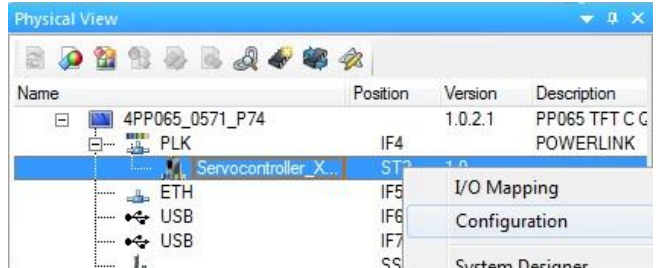


The Servo Controller XENAX® Xvi75V8 can now be seen in the Physical View under PLK(Powerlink).



## 2.4.1 Configuration XENAX® based on the xdd description

Physical View/PLK/Servocontroller\_XENAX\_Xvi  
-> right click -> Configuration.



### 2.4.1.1 Cyclic transmission

In the submenu “Channels” all usable objects will be shown.

#### Important:

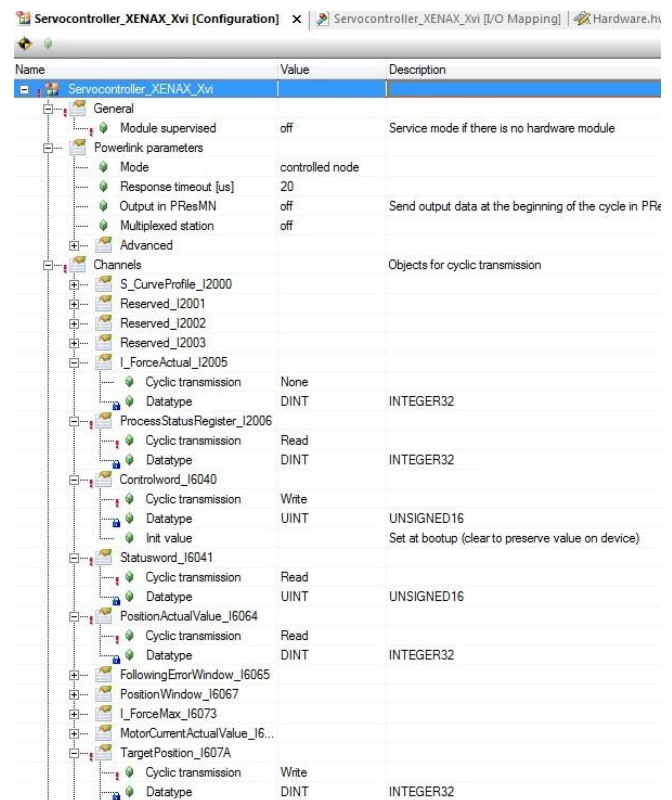
The Objects 1001h (Error bit register) and 1F8Ch (NMT\_CurrNMTState,-> Network Management status) are not mappable as PDO.

This information should not unnecessarily burden the real-time cycle.

Objects which are transferred cyclic, can be activated.

For the JsMcLib library the following objects have to be transferred cyclic in order that the “**Cyclic Synchronized Mode**” can be used.

Name of the Object	Mode of transmission
ProcessStatusRegister_I2006	Read
Controlword_I6040Out	Write
Statusword_I6041	Read
PositionActualValue_I6064	Read
TargetPosition_I607AOut	Write





If the „**Profile Position Mode**“ is used, the following object have to be transferred additionally.

Name of the Object	Mode of transmission
S_CurveProfile_I2000Out	Write
ProfileVelocity_I6081Out	Write
ProfileAcceleration_I6083Out	Write

A detailed description of the Objects can be found in the document *Xvi75V8\_CANopen\_Ethernet* at page 17. The document can be found on our website: [www.jennyscience.ch/downloads](http://www.jennyscience.ch/downloads)

#### Note:

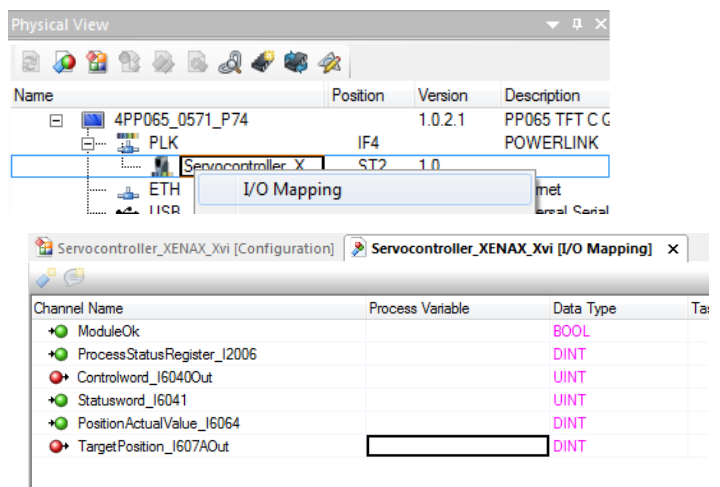
If there are several XENAX® Servo Controller used, the object settings can easily be copied:

1. Select all object settings with „Ctrl“+ „A“.
2. Right click-> Copy
3. Open *I/O Configuration* of the second Servo Controller select all objects with „Ctrl“+ „A“.
4. Right click -> paste

### 2.4.2 View I/O Mapping

The objects will be visible under the *I/O Mapping (Physical View)*. In case the objects can't be seen, please check the settings of the *I/O Configuration*.

The I/O mapping should look like displayed on the right



### 3 JsMcLib

#### 3.1 State Diagram of the Function Blocks

The following diagram shows the state and the behaviour of the axis when multiple motion control function blocks are “simultaneously” active.

Each motion command is a transition that changes the state of the axis and, as a consequence, influences the method of calculation of the current movement.

All function blocks which do not appear in the state diagram, do not affect the state of the axis.

The current state of the axis can be determined with the function block “**JS\_MC\_ReadStatus**”. If a function block is called where it is not allowed, the function block reports an error.

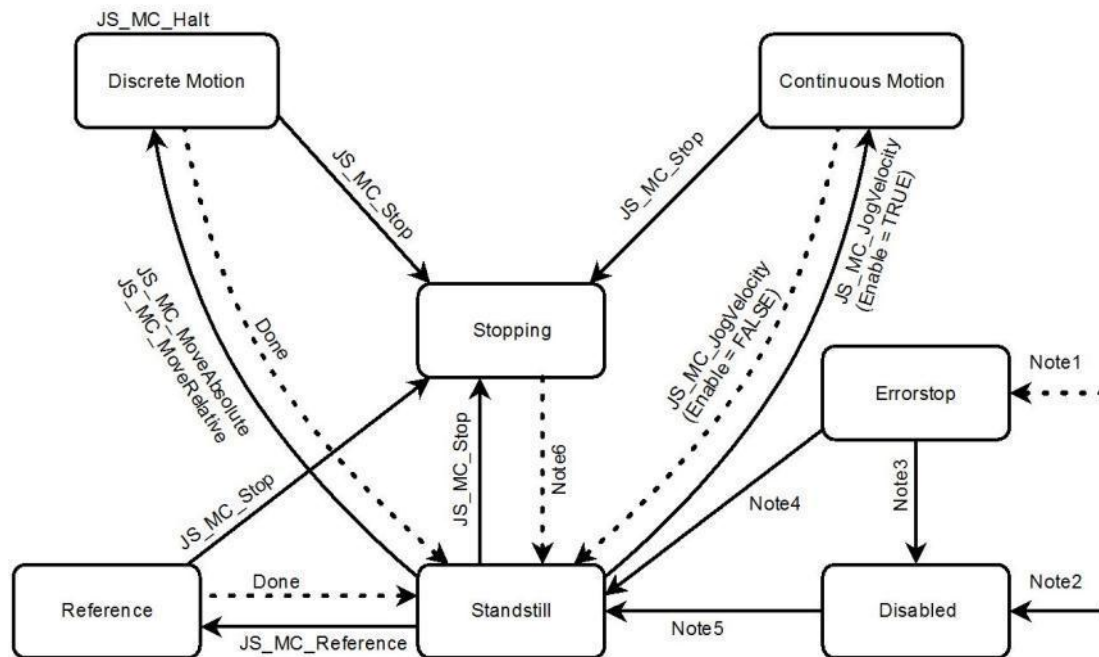
The notes describe the necessary conditions that must be met for a change in an axis state.

**Important:**

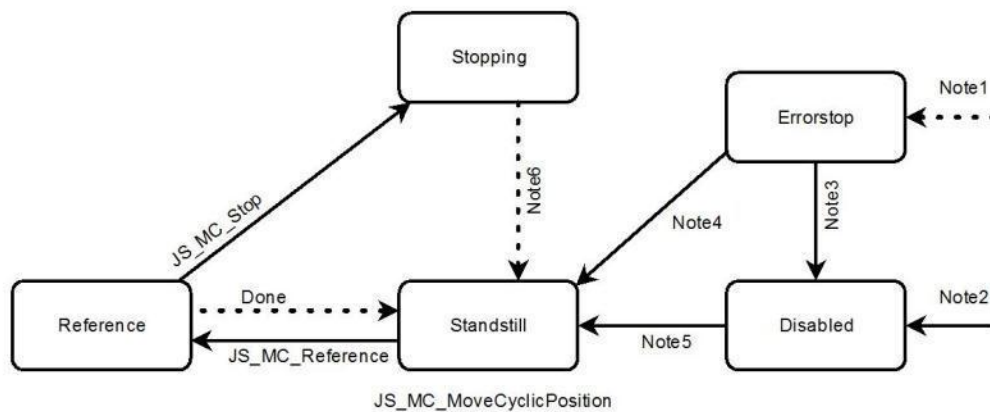
In the states “**Stopping**”, “**ErrorStop**”, “**Disabled**” and “**Reference**” no motion blocks can be called.

In standstill condition, an axis must always be referenced before starting a movement.

### 3.1.1 Profile Position Mode



### 3.1.2 Cyclic Synchronized Mode



In the Cyclic Synchronized mode the JS\_MC\_ReadStatus will be in „Standstill“ after the reference. To know which motion-commands can be used, the “MC\_ReadStatus” of the virtual Axis has to be executed.

**Note 1:**

From any state. An error in the axis occurred.

**Note 2:**

From any state. JS\_MC\_Power.Enable = FALSE  
and there is no error in the axis.

**Note 3:**

JS\_MC\_Reset AND JS\_MC\_Power.Status = FALSE.

**Note 4:**

JS\_MC\_Reset AND JS\_MC\_Power.Status = TRUE  
AND JS\_MC\_Power.Enable = TRUE

**Note 5:**

JS\_MC\_Power.Enable = TRUE AND  
JS\_MC\_Power.Status = TRUE

**Note 6:**

JS\_MC\_Stop.Done = TRUE AND  
JS\_MC\_Stop.Execute = FALSE

### 3.2 JsMcLib Operation Mode

To operate a XENAX® Servo Controller via Powerlink, we provide a library in the Automation Studio with the name JsMcLib (Jenny Science Motion Control Library). Below, you find an overview of the sequences for the two different coupling types, Profile Position Mode and Cyclic Synchronise Mode for which the JsMcLib is required as well as a description of the JsMcLib application.

#### **Profile Position Mode:**

The „Profile Position“ Mode, is a point to point connection. The trajectory will be calculated by the XENAX® itself. The following parameters have to be set:

*Endposition*

*Speed*

*Acceleration*

*S-Curve*

#### **Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode:**

The „Cyclic Synchronous Position“ Mode, is an interpolated drive.

The trajectory is calculated by the B&R PLC.

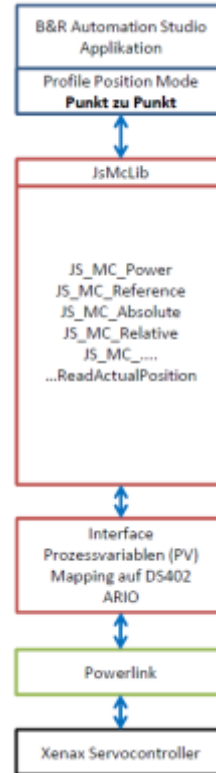
The only parameter is the position.

For this Mode a virtual B&R axis will be necessary.

## XENAX® Profile Position Mode

Process:

1. Configure XENAX® Servo Controller with the Automation Studio
2. Power on with **"JS\_MC\_Power"**.
3. Reference XENAX® Servo Controller with **"JS\_MC\_Reference"**.
4. XENAX® Servo Controller is now ready to move e.g. an absolute way with the function block **"JS\_MC\_MoveAbsolute"**.

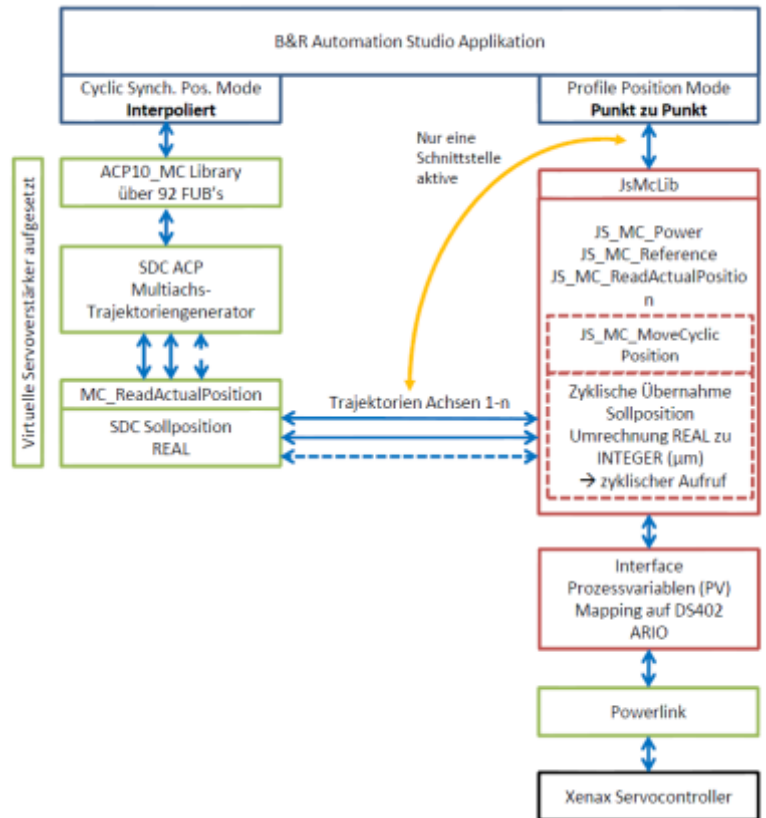


## XENAX® Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

Process:

1. Configure from the XENAX® Servo Controller and the virtual ACOPOS axis from B&R.
2. Power on XENAX® Servo Controller with **"JS\_MC\_Power"** and the virtual axis with **"MC\_Power on"**.
3. Reference XENAX® Servo Controller with **"JS\_MC\_Reference"** and prepare for the coupling to the virtual axis.
4. Reference virtual axis with **"MC\_Home"** and then define the current position of the XENAX® Servo Controller as **"HomePosition"**.
5. The XENAX® Servo Controller and the virtual axis are coupled together by attaching the calculated position of the virtual axis to the input **"Position"** of the function block **"JS\_MC\_MoveCyclicPosition"**.

Now all the features of the virtual axis are available. The XENAX® Servo Controller now behaves like an ACOPOS axis from B&R.



### 3.3 Function blocks of the JsMcLib

The function blocks of the JsMcLib intend to simplify the use of XENAX® Servo Controllers in the Automation Studio. The function blocks of the JsMcLib are described below.

#### Function blocks:

Output stage power on/ off	UDINT BOOL	<table><tr><th colspan="2">JS_MC_Power</th></tr><tr><td>Axis</td><td>Status</td></tr><tr><td>Enable</td><td>Valid</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Error</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ErrorID</td></tr></table>	JS_MC_Power		Axis	Status	Enable	Valid		Error		ErrorID	BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT				
JS_MC_Power																	
Axis	Status																
Enable	Valid																
	Error																
	ErrorID																
Stops the active movement and changes to the “Stopping” state (The output stage turns off).	UDINT BOOL UDINT	<table><tr><th colspan="2">JS_MC_Stop</th></tr><tr><td>Axis</td><td>Done</td></tr><tr><td>Execute</td><td>Busy</td></tr><tr><td>Deceleration</td><td>CommandAborted</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Error</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ErrorID</td></tr></table>	JS_MC_Stop		Axis	Done	Execute	Busy	Deceleration	CommandAborted		Error		ErrorID	BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT		
JS_MC_Stop																	
Axis	Done																
Execute	Busy																
Deceleration	CommandAborted																
	Error																
	ErrorID																
Stops the active movement and changes to the “Standstill” state (The output stage remains active).	UDINT BOOL UDINT	<table><tr><th colspan="2">JS_MC_Halt</th></tr><tr><td>Axis</td><td>Done</td></tr><tr><td>Execute</td><td>Busy</td></tr><tr><td>Deceleration</td><td>CommandAborted</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Error</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ErrorID</td></tr></table>	JS_MC_Halt		Axis	Done	Execute	Busy	Deceleration	CommandAborted		Error		ErrorID	BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT		
JS_MC_Halt																	
Axis	Done																
Execute	Busy																
Deceleration	CommandAborted																
	Error																
	ErrorID																
Deletes an error on the XENAX® Servo Controller.	UDINT BOOL	<table><tr><th colspan="2">JS_MC_Reset</th></tr><tr><td>Axis</td><td>Done</td></tr><tr><td>Execute</td><td>Busy</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Error</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ErrorID</td></tr></table>	JS_MC_Reset		Axis	Done	Execute	Busy		Error		ErrorID	BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT				
JS_MC_Reset																	
Axis	Done																
Execute	Busy																
	Error																
	ErrorID																
Drive to an absolute position.	UDINT BOOL DINT UDINT UDINT UDINT UDINT	<table><tr><th colspan="2">JS_MC_MoveAbsolute</th></tr><tr><td>Axis</td><td>Done</td></tr><tr><td>Execute</td><td>Busy</td></tr><tr><td>Position</td><td>CommandAborted</td></tr><tr><td>Velocity</td><td>Error</td></tr><tr><td>Acceleration</td><td>ErrorID</td></tr><tr><td>Scurve</td><td></td></tr></table>	JS_MC_MoveAbsolute		Axis	Done	Execute	Busy	Position	CommandAborted	Velocity	Error	Acceleration	ErrorID	Scurve		BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT
JS_MC_MoveAbsolute																	
Axis	Done																
Execute	Busy																
Position	CommandAborted																
Velocity	Error																
Acceleration	ErrorID																
Scurve																	

Drive a relative distance.	UDINT BOOL DINT UDINT UDINT UDINT	JS_MC_MoveRelative		BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT
		Axis	Done	
		Execute	Busy	
		Distance	CommandAborted	
		Velocity	Error	
		Acceleration	ErrorID	
		Scurve		
Driving with a pre-set velocity, as long as "JogPositive" or "JogNegative" is active And the end / soft limit is not reached.	UDINT BOOL  UDINT UDINT UDINT BOOL BOOL	JS_MC_JogVelocity		BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT BOOL
		Axis	Active	
		Enable	Busy	
		Velocity	CommandAborted	
		Acceleration	Error	
		Deceleration	ErrorID	
		JogPositive	Jogging	
		JogNegative		
Coupling the XENAX® Servo Controller with the virtual B&R axis. Motion commands are triggered by B&R Axis.	UDINT BOOL DINT	JS_MC_MoveCyclicPosition		BOOL BOOL BOOL UINT
		Axis	Valid	
		Enable	CommandAborted	
		Position	Error ErrorID	
Read status of the XENAX® Servo Controller.	UDINT BOOL	JS_MC_ReadStatus		BOOL BOOL UINT BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL
		Axis	Valid	
		Enable	Error	
			ErrorID	
			Errorstop	
			Disabled	
			Stopping	
			Standstill	
			DiscreteMotion	
			Reference	
			ContinuousMotion	
Read actual position.	UDINT BOOL	JS_MC_ReadActualPosition		BOOL BOOL UINT DINT
		Axis	Valid	
		Enable	Error	
			ErrorID	
			Position	



Read axis error from XENAX® Servo Controller.	UDINT	JS_MC_ReadAxisError		
	BOOL	Axis	Valid	BOOL
	BOOL	Enable	Busy	BOOL
	UDINT	Acknowledge	Error	BOOL
	UINT	DataAddress	ErrorID	UINT
	UINT	DataLength	ErrorRecordAvailable	BOOL
	STRING[12]	DataObjectName	ErrorRecord	JS_MC_Error Record
			FunctionBlockErrorCount	UINT
			AxisErrorCount	UINT
			AxisWarningCount	UINT
Read digital inputs from XENAX® Servo Controller	UDINT	JS_MC_ReadDigitalInput		
	BOOL	Axis	Valid	Axis
		Enable	Error	Enable
			ErrorID	
			DigitalInput	
Read digital outputs from XENAX® Servo Controller	UDINT	JS_MC_ReadDigitalOutput		
	BOOL	Axis	Valid	BOOL
		Enable	Error	BOOL
			ErrorID	UINT
			DigitalOutput	USINT
Read parameter values from XENAX® Servo Controller	UDINT	JS_MC_ReadParameter		
	BOOL	Axis	Valid	BOOL
		Enable	Error	BOOL
	INT	ParameterNumber	ErrorID	UINT
			Value	UDINT
Write parameter value to the XENAX® Servo Controller.	UDINT	JS_MC_WriteParameter		
	BOOL	Axis	Done	BOOL
	INT	Execute	Error	BOOL
	DINT	ParameterNumber	ErrorID	UINT
		Value		
Write digital outputs for XENAX® Servo Controller.	UDINT	JS_MC_WriteDigitalOutput		
	BOOL	Axis	Done	BOOL
		Execute	Error	BOOL
	USINT	DigitalOutput	ErrorID	UINT

\* The Jenny Science specific objects are described in the document “Xvi75V8\_CANopen\_Ethernet” and can be found under [www.jennyscience.de/en/](http://www.jennyscience.de/en/).

Check if there is an axis or a function block error pending.	UDINT	JS_MC_AxisErrorCollector		BOOL
	BOOL	Axis Enable	Valid Error ErrorID FunctionBlockError AxisError AxisWarning Errorstop	
Read actual current of the connected linear motor axis.	UDINT	JS_MC_ReadActualCurrent		BOOL
	BOOL	Axis Enable	Valid Error ErrorID Current	
Read Jenny Science process status register.	UDINT	JS_MC_ReadPSR		BOOL
	BOOL	Axis Enable	Valid Error ErrorID ProcessStatusRegister	
Execute the reference of the linear motor.	UDINT	JS_MC_Reference		BOOL
	BOOL	Axis Execute ReferenceMode ReferenceSpeedRot ZMarkSpeedRot	Done Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	
In the init code, this function block has to be called once for every connected axis.	JS_MC_IoMap	JS_MC_Init		UDINT
	UDINT	AdrIoMap pDevice Node OperationMode	Axis	
This function block has to be called at the beginning of the synchronous cyclic mode to get the actual values of the Powerlink fieldbus.	UDINT	JS_MC_CyclicIn		BOOL
	BOOL	Axis Enable	Valid Error ErrorID	
This function block need to be called at the end of a Cyclic move to send new position values to the Powerlink fieldbus.	UDINT	JS_MC_CyclicOut		UDINT
	UDINT	Axis		

### 3.3.1 Minimum and Maximum Values of Function Blocks

Following minimum and maximum values of the function blocks should be adhered to.

name	datatype	min	max
Velocity linear	UDINT	10 inc/s	9000000 inc/s
Velocity rotative	UDINT	10 inc/s	100000000 inc/s
Deceleration	UDINT	2000 inc/s <sup>2</sup>	1000000000 inc/s <sup>2</sup>
Acceleration	UDINT	2000 inc/s <sup>2</sup>	1000000000 inc/s <sup>2</sup>
S-curve	UDINT	1 %	100 %

#### 3.3.1 Error in the Function Block

The following ErrorIDs can be generated by the JsMcLib function blocks.

Value	Name	Description	Correction
0	ERR_OK	FUB executed correctly with no errors	None.
50000	jsmcERR_NIL_POINTER	No axis passed to FB	Ensure function block call only with correct axis passed.
50001	jsmcERR_DRIVE_NOT_READY	controller is not ready to switch on	Check controller for errors
50002	jsmcERR_DRIVE_SWITCHED_OFF	controller is switched off	Don't call function block when controller is switched off
50004	jsmcERR_REFERENCE_WRONG_METHOD	Reference method is not correct for the motor	Check documentation for allowed reference methods for the motor
50006	jsmcERR_ACCE_TO_SMALL	Acceleration is to small	Use larger acceleration ( $\geq 2000$ inc/s)
50008	jsmcERR_SCURVE_NOT_IN_RANGE	Scurve is not in allowed range	Use Scurve in allowed range (1...100%)
50010	jsmcERR_SDO_COMM_FAILURE	Failure during SDO communication	Check power link connection to the Servo Controller
50011	jsmcERR_POWER_UP_FAILURE	Failure during power up sequence	Check Servo Controller for correct power supply
50012	jsmcERR_POWER_LOST	Power was turned off outside of JS_MC_Power control	Check and quit errors from other function blocks or axis, which caused the power off
50013	jsmcERR_WRONG_STATE_FOR_FB	The FB cannot be used in the current state	Check program to call FB's only in allowed states

50014	jsmcERR_WRONG_OP_MODE_FOR_FB	The FB cannot be used in the current mode of operation	Only use allowed FB's for the desired mode of operation (profile position or cyclic synchronized)
50015	jsmcERR_EXECUTION_ERROR	The FB failed during execution by an external error	Check and quit errors from other function blocks or axes, which caused the fault
50016	jsmcERR_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL	The buffer for the error text string is too small	Put a pointer to a buffer for the error text string which size is at least 50 characters
50017	jsmcERR_TEXT_OBJ_NOT_FOUND	Error text object or function block text object not found	Enter correct name of the error text object and ensure, that the error text object (JsMcEtDe/JsMcEtEn) and the function block text object (JsMcFBtEn) are present in the project
50018	jsmcERR_TEXT_READOUT_FAILURE	Error text or function block text could not be read successfully	Ensure that the error text object (JsMcEtDe/JsMcEtEn) and the function block text object (JsMcFBtEn) are present in the project
50019	jsmcERR_WRONG_GENERAL_OP_MODE	general mode of operation not supported	Set a supported general mode of operation in JS_MC_Init (OperationMode = jsmcMODE_PROFILE_POSITION or jsmcMODE_CYCLIC_SYNC)
50020	jsmcERR_REF_SPEED_NOT_IN_RANGE	Reference speed for rotative motors is out of range	Use reference speed in allowed range (0...250000 inc/s)
50021	jsmcERR_ZMARK_SPEED_NOT_IN_RANGE	Z-Mark speed for rotative motors is out of range	Use Z-Mark speed in allowed range (0...100000 inc/s)
50022	jsmcERR_VELOCITY_NOT_IN_RANGE	Velocity is out of range	Use velocity in allowed range (10...9000000 inc/s for linear motor, 10...100000000 inc/s for rotative motor)
50023	jsmcERR_ACCE_TOO_LARGE	Acceleration is too large	Use smaller acceleration (smaller than 1000000000 inc/s <sup>2</sup> )
50024	jsmcERR_CYCLE_TIME_FAILURE	Cycle time setting failure	Use correct cycle time setting (powerlink bus cycle time >= 400us and software task cycle time >= powerlink bus cycle time)
50025	jsmcERR_DECE_TOO_SMALL	Deceleration is too small	Use larger deceleration (>=2000 inc/s)

50026	jsmcERR_DECE_TO_LARGE	Deceleration is too large	Use smaller deceleration (smaller than 1000000000 inc/s <sup>2</sup> )
50027	jsmcERR_FW_VERS_FAILURE	Firmware version failure	For library use, <del>at least</del> XENAX firmware V3.64D and powerlink bus module firmware V2.0 or higher are required
50028	jsmcERR_PDO_MAPPING_CHK_FAILURE	Failure during PDO mapping check	Error in AsIOPVInfo() function block of AsIO library
50029	jsmcERR_PDO_MAPPING_MISSING	Necessary PDO mapping missing	Check, if all necessary PDOs are mapped in I/O Mapping
50030	jsmcERR_NO_DATA_ADDRESS_ASSIGNED	No data address for error text string assigned	Assign valid data address for error text string
50031	jsmcERR_SDO_ACCESS_FAILURE	Invalid SDO access	Check input values DataObject, SubID and DataLength and set correct values
50032	jsmcERR_CYCLIC_COMM_INTERRUPTED	Cyclic communication interrupted	Don't enable power until JS_MC_CyclicIn is valid and <del>so</del> cyclic communication is running

## 4 Point to Point or Interpolated Position Mode

### Point to Point, Profile Position Mode:

In the „Profile Position“ mode, the parameters of distance, velocity, acceleration and s-curve will be transmitted to the XENAX®.

The trajectory for the drive will be calculated internally in the XENAX® Servo Controller.

### Interpolated, Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode:

In the „Cyclic Synchronous Position“ mode the position value will be transmitted cyclically (e.g. every millisecond) to every connected XENAX®

Servo Controller. In this mode a virtual axis (no hardware mapping) for every connected XENAX® Servo Controller is necessary.

### 4.1 Hardware Setup

Using a XENAX® Servo Controller and a B&R PLC:  
X20CP1485-1

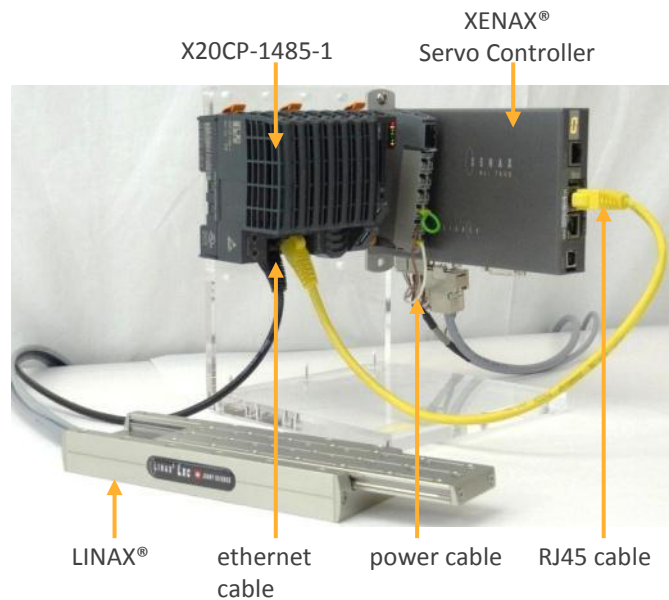
- XENAX® Xvi75V8 Servo Controller with additional Powerlink fieldbus module
- Include the XENAX® Xvi75V8 Servo Controller into a new project in Automation Studio.



## 4.2 Hardware Setup

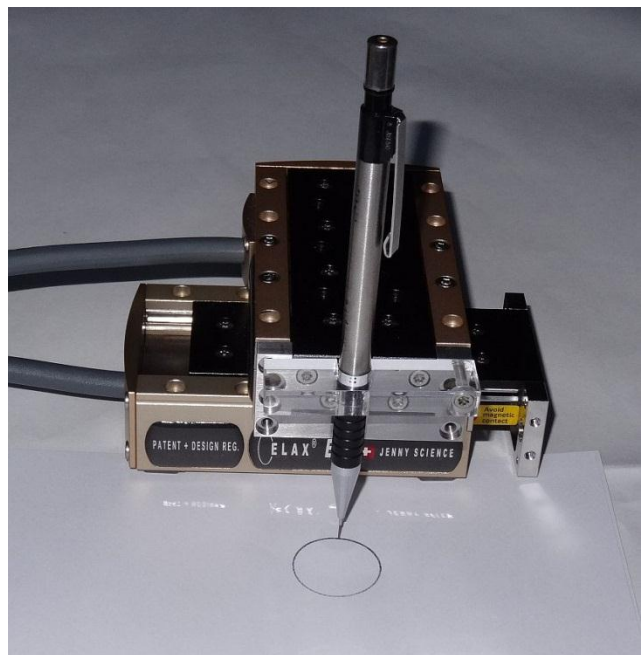
### Profile Position Mode

- 1x B&R PLC X20CP1485-1
- 1x XENAX® Servo Controller with Powerlink fieldbus module.
- 1x Ethernet connection from B&R PLC to a PC
- 1x RJ45 cable for the connection of the B&R PLC and the XENAX® Servo Controller.
- 1x LINAX® Lxc 85F10 linear motor axis



### Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode


- 1 x B&R PLC X20CP1485-1
- 2x XENAX® Servo Controller with Powerlink fieldbus module
- 2x Ethernet connection from B&R PLC to a PC
- 2x RJ45 cable for the connection of the B&R PLC and the XENAX® Servo Controller.
- 2x ELAX® linear motor slide as X-Y cross table.

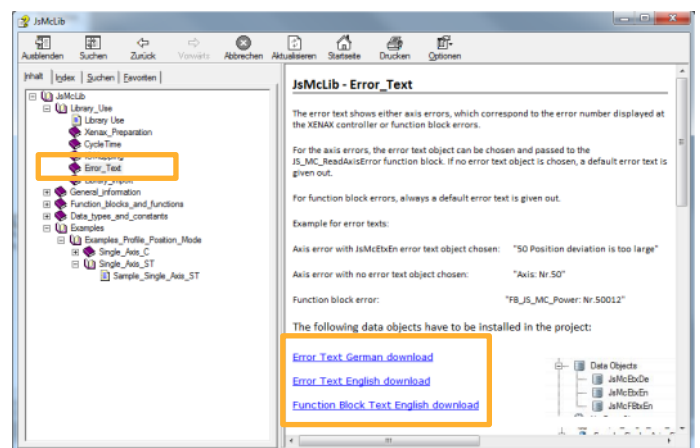


#### 4.3 Embedding XENAX® Error Messages

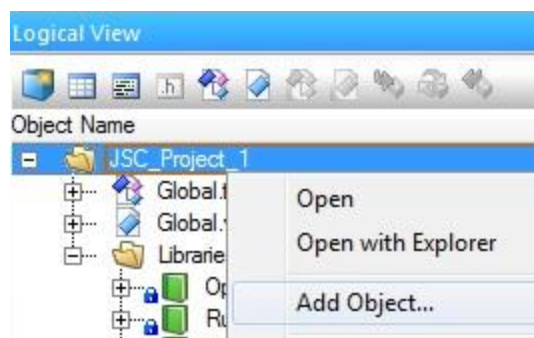
Error on the XENAX® Servo Controller can be read with the „JS\_MC\_ReadAxosError“ function block.

To provide this function block with an error text the „JsMcEtXEn“ file has to be integrated into the Automation Studio.

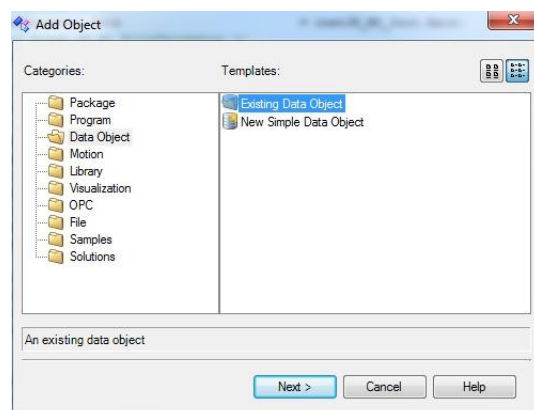
Under JsMcLib  Library\_Use -> Error\_Text, the corresponding file in in German or English can be selected. Specify a desired location and extract the file by clicking right and press -> Extract All.



In *Logical View* select the project name, „JSC\_Project\_1“, -> Right click -> *Add Object*



Categories: *Data Object* -> *Templates: Existing Data Object*

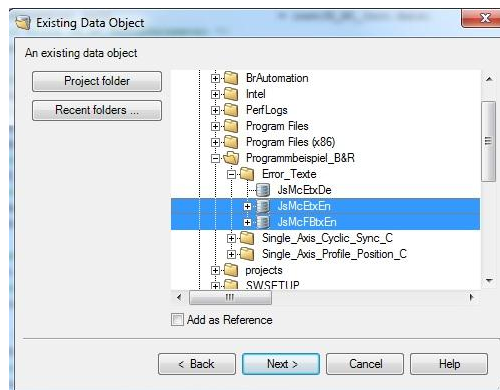


->Next



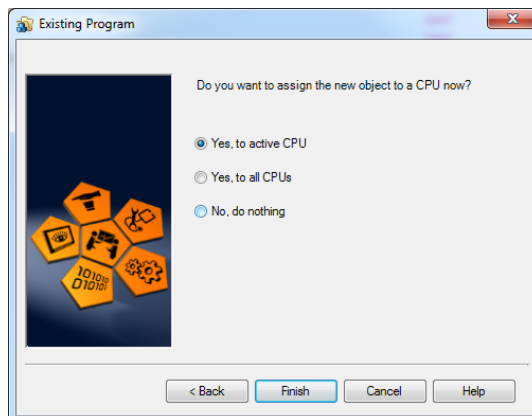
Select the file („JsMcEtxDE“ or „JsMcEtXEn“ and „JsMcFBtxEn“).

-> Next



**Yes, to active CPU** adds the “Error text” to the active CPU (here X20CP1485-1.).

-> Finish



## 5 Program example “Profile Position Mode”

### 5.1 Get program example and save it

The program example is stored as c-coder or structured text in the “user help” menu of the JsMcLib.

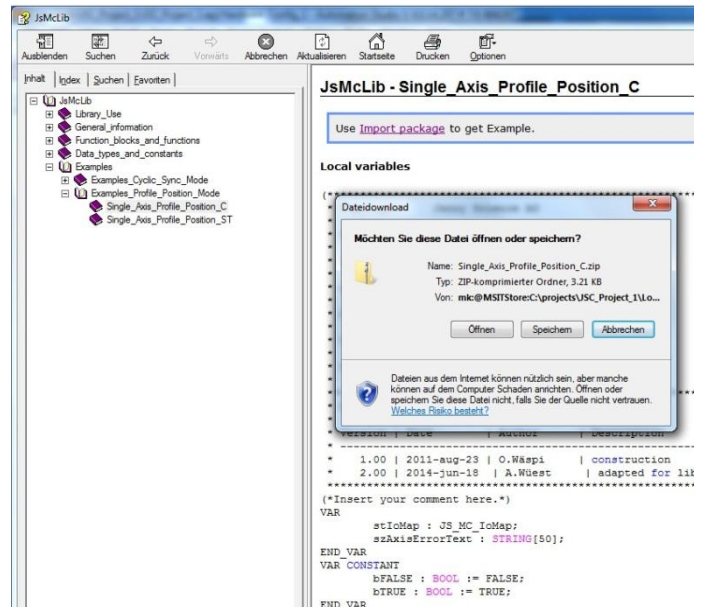
Firstly the example needs to be saved to the PC and then it can be imported to the project.

*Logical View -> select JsMcLib Library -> press F1 to open the user’s help.*

Under Examples the program examples can be found.

In our Example we choose “Single\_Axis\_Profile\_Position\_C” and click on “Import Package”.

Then we save this file on the PC and extract the .zip-file. Right click -> “extract all”



#### Note:

##### Program

*A program has direct access to all variables, functions and function blocks.*

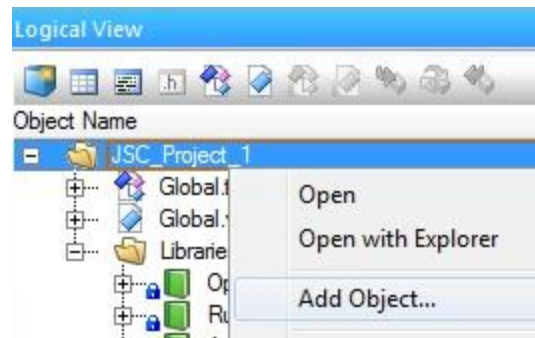
##### Package

*Bigger Applications including a big amount of data objects, variables, functions and so on can be split into single units.*

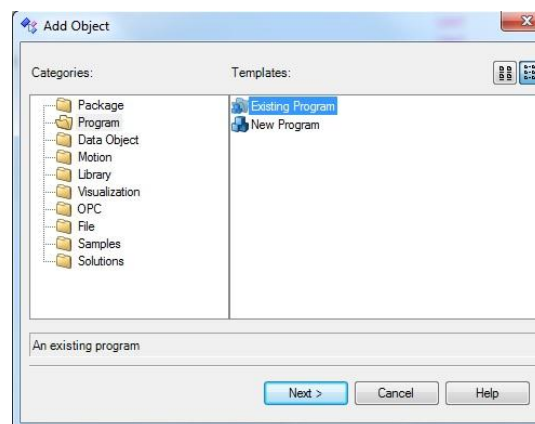
*The summary of these units is called a „Package“ and can be named and imported.*

## 5.2 Import program example to the project

Under *Logical View*, select the „JSC\_Project\_1“.  
-> Right click -> *Add Object*

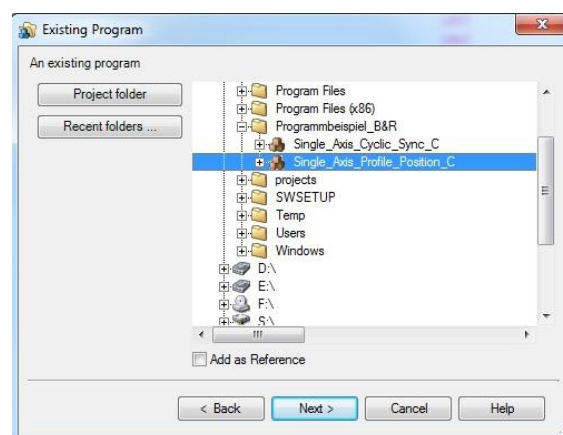


*Categories -> Program -> Templates -> Existing Program*



-> Next

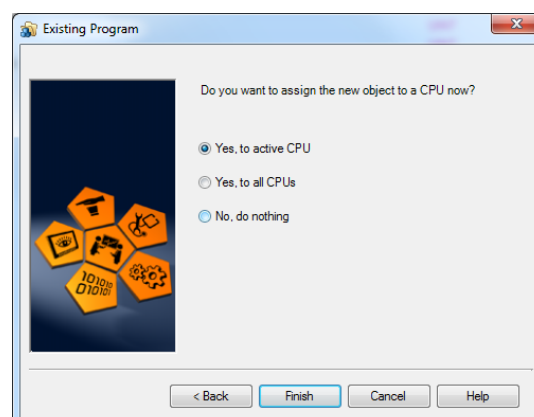
Select the program example,  
„Single\_Axis\_Profile\_Position\_C“.



-> Next

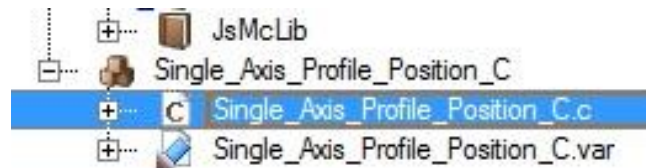
**Yes, to active CPU** adds the program example to the active CPU (here X20CP1485-1.).

-> Finish

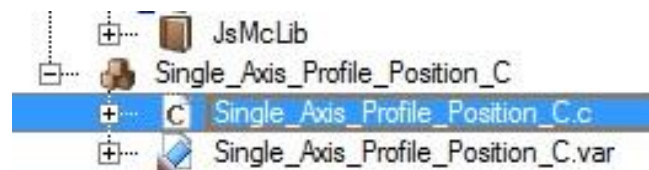


**Check**

Under *Logical View* the „Single\_Axis\_Profile\_Position\_C“ now appears.



With double click on the “Single\_Axis\_Profile\_Position\_C.c” the program code is opened. The program code includes the Ethernet Powerlink interface address (IFx), Node number and the used error object.

**5.3 Configure Ethernet interface****Ethernet Powerlink address EPL:**

The following line of the program example has to match the interface used.

```
instJS_MC_Init.pDevice = (UDINT) "IF3";
```

```
/* pass address of interface address */
instJS_MC_Init.pDevice = (UDINT) "IF3";
```

**Node nr. Setting:**

The Node number is set to 2 in the Line

```
instJS_MC_Init.Node= 2;.
```

Set the Node number of the connected XENAX® Servo Controller (Node / Card Identifier CI, set with WebMotion®, see chapter “Card Identifier”).

```
/* initialize node number */
instJS_MC_Init.Node = 2;
```

## 5.4 Move Program example into Task

To see the *Software Configuration* go to *Physical View* and double click on B&R PLC (here X20CP1485-1).

The default cycle of the program is “Cyclic #4” (100ms).

Object Name	Version	T
CPU		
Cyclic #1 - [10 ms]		
Cyclic #2 - [20 ms]		
Cyclic #3 - [50 ms]		
Cyclic #4 - [100 ms]		
Single_Axi	1.00.0	
Cyclic #5 - [200 ms]		
Cyclic #6 - [500 ms]		

We move the program by drag & drop in “Cyclic #1” which has a shorter cycle time (10ms).

Object Name	Version	T
CPU		
Cyclic #1 - [10 ms]		
Single_Axi	1.00.0	
Cyclic #2 - [20 ms]		
Cyclic #3 - [50 ms]		

To verify the correct integration, the error objects can be found in „Data Objects“.

Object Name	Version	Transfer To
CPU		
Cyclic #1 - [10 ms]		
Sample_Sin	1.00.0	UserROM
Cyclic #2 - [20 ms]		
Cyclic #3 - [50 ms]		
Cyclic #4 - [100 ms]		
Cyclic #5 - [200 ms]		
Cyclic #6 - [500 ms]		
Cyclic #7 - [1000 ms]		
Cyclic #8 - [10 ms]		
Data Objects		
JsMcEbxDe	1.00.0	UserROM
JsMcEbxEn	1.00.0	UserROM
JsMcFBxEn	1.00.0	UserROM

### Example:

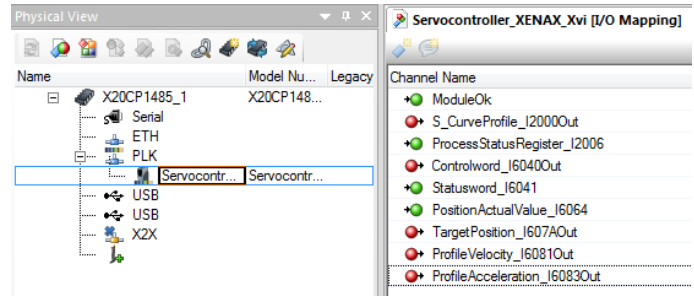
If the XENAX® Servo Controller shows the Error 50 on the display, the function block “JS\_MC\_ReadAxisError” will show, “50 position deviation is too large”.

Name	Type	Scope	Force	Value
instJS_MC_ReadAxisError	JS_MC_ReadAxisError	local		
Axis	UDINT			54403575
Enable	BOOL			TRUE
Acknowledge	BOOL			FALSE
DataAddress	UDINT			54403415
DataLength	UDINT			51
DataObjectName	STRING(12)			'JsMcEbxDe'
Valid	BOOL			TRUE
Busy	BOOL			FALSE
Error	BOOL			FALSE
ErrorID	UDINT			0
ErrorRecordAvailable	BOOL			TRUE
ErrorRecord	JS_MC_ErrorRecord			
Number	UDINT			50
ErrorSource	UDINT			1
ErrorType	UDINT			1
FunctionBlockErrorCount	UDINT			1
AxisErrorCount	UDINT			1
AxisWarningCount	UDINT			0
IS	JS_MC_ReadAxisError			
AxisErrorText	STRING(50)	local		'50 Positionsabweichung zu gross. Schleppfehler'

## 5.5 I/O Mapping, connect .xdd channels to program variables

To use the .xdd channels (cyclic data from the XENAX®) in the library, they have to be connected to the “Process Variable”.

*Physical View*, double click XENAX® Servo Controller -> *I/O Mapping*.



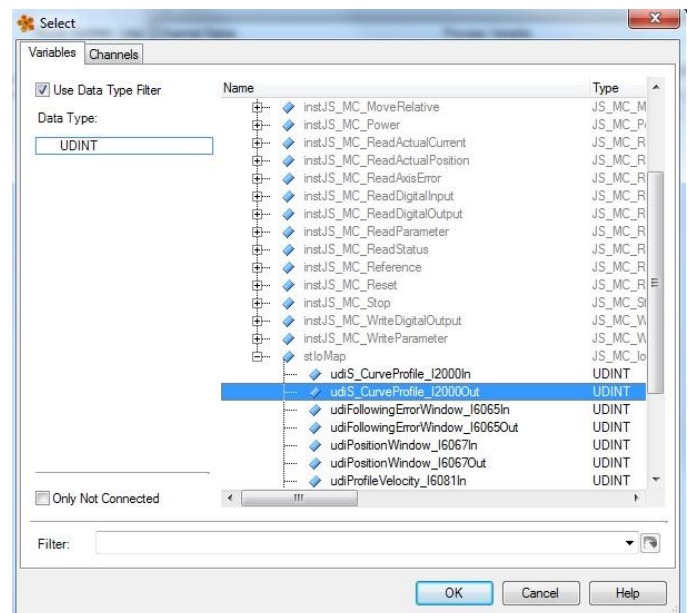
Select the Channel on the row “Process Variable” (e.g. S\_CurveProfil\_I2000Out). Click on the symbol.

Channel Name	Process Variable	Data Type
ModuleOk		BOOL
S_CurveProfile_I2000Out		UDINT
ProcessStatusRegister_I2006		DINT
Controlword_I6040Out		UINT

The “Select” window will open.

You can open the according program which you like to use, with the symbol .

In the tree layout of „stloMap“ are all “Process Variables” which have a data type which matches the channel.



-> OK

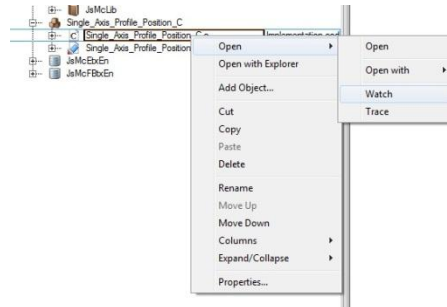
After selecting the variable, the path of the variable can be seen in the I/O Mapping.

The assignment of a “Process Variable” has to be completed for every channel.

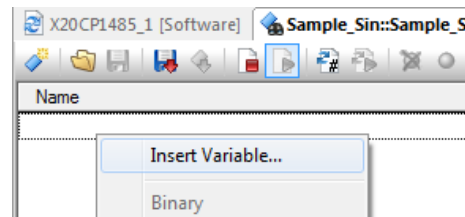
Channel Name	Process Variable	Data Type
ModuleOk	::Single_Axi.stloMap.bModuleOK	BOOL
S_CurveProfile_I2000Out	::Single_Axi.stloMap.udiS_CurveProfile_I2000Out	UDINT
ProcessStatusRegister_I2006	::Single_Axi.stloMap.diProcessStatusRegister_I2006In	DINT
Controlword_I6040Out	::Single_Axi.stloMap.uiControlword_I6040Out	UINT
Statusword_I6041	::Single_Axi.stloMap.uiStatusword_I6041In	UINT
PositionActualValue_I6064	::Single_Axi.stloMap.diPositionActualValue_I6064In	DINT
TargetPosition_I607AOut	::Single_Axi.stloMap.diTargetPosition_I607AOut	DINT
ProfileVelocity_I6081Out	::Single_Axi.stloMap.udiProfileVelocity_I6081Out	UDINT
ProfileAcceleration_I6083Out	::Single_Axi.stloMap.udiProfileAcceleration_I6083Out	UDINT

## 5.6 Start Program Example

Logial View -> double click on the B&R PLC ->  
right click on the program example  
„Single\_Axis\_Profile\_Position\_C“ -> Open ->  
Watch

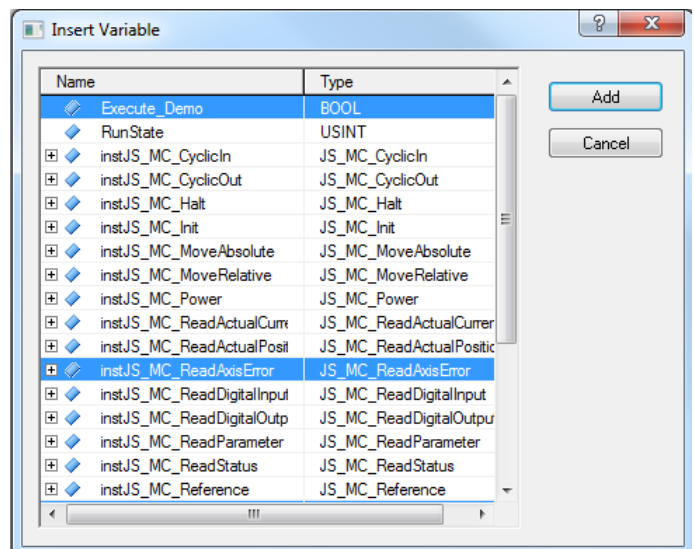


An empty window will be opened, right click ->  
Insert Variable



The window „Insert Variable“ will be opened.  
Every function block and variable which is used  
in the program example can be seen.

Select the required variables and function  
blocks. You will need at least the following:  
Execute\_Demo  
instJS\_MC\_ReadAxisError  
instJS\_MC\_Reset  
szAxisErrorText



->Add

To Start the program example set the  
„Enable\_Prog\_Functions“ to TRUE.  
With FALSE the program is idling in a loop.

If an error occurs it can be quit by putting the  
variable “Execute” on TRUE in the function block  
“JS\_MC\_Reset”.

Name	Type	Scope	Force	Value
Enable_Prog_Functions	BOOL	local		TRUE
instJS_MC_ReadAxisError	JS_MC_ReadAx	local		
instJS_MC_Reset	JS_MC_Reset	local		
Axis	UDINT			120433544
Execute	BOOL			FALSE
Done	BOOL			FALSE
Busy	BOOL			FALSE
Error	BOOL			FALSE
ErrorID	UINT			0
IS	JS_MC_Reset_I			

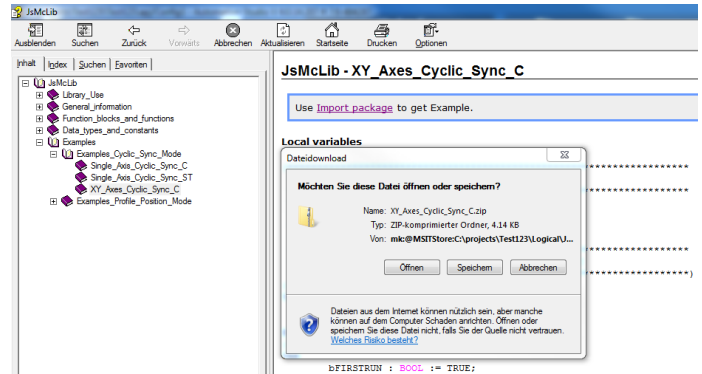


## 6 Program example Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode

The program example is stored as c-coder or structured text in the user's help of the JsMclib. Firstly the example needs to be saved to the PC and then it can be imported to the project.

*Logical View, select JsMclib Library, press F1 to open the user's help.*

Under "Examples" the examples program can be found.



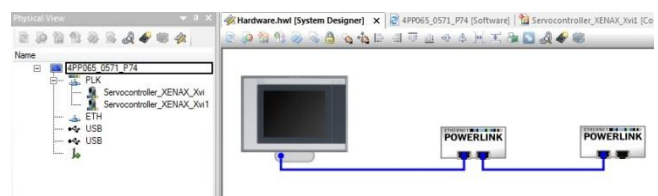
In our Example we choose "XY\_Axes\_Cyclic\_Sync\_C" and click on "Import Package".

Then we save this file on the PC and extract the .zip-file. Right click -> "extract all"

This program example works with an X-Y cross table and interpolates a circle. Therefore two XENAX® Servo Controllers are needed.

### 6.1 Integrate second XENAX® Servo Controller in project.

Integrate an additional XENAX® Servo Controller in project like seen above under „Embed XENAX® Servo Controller in project“



Please note that the node numbers (1 and 2) have to be different in the program code.

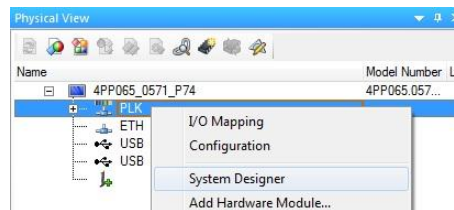


## 6.2 Include virtual Axis

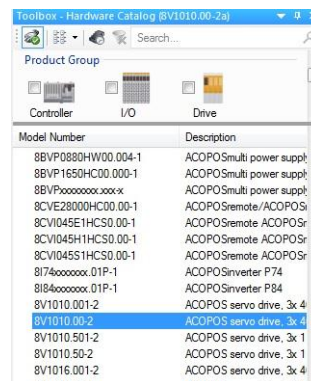
For the **Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode**, a virtual axis is needed in the Automation Studio.

The Virtual Axis calculates and transmits a new position for the XENAX® Servo Controller every [ms]

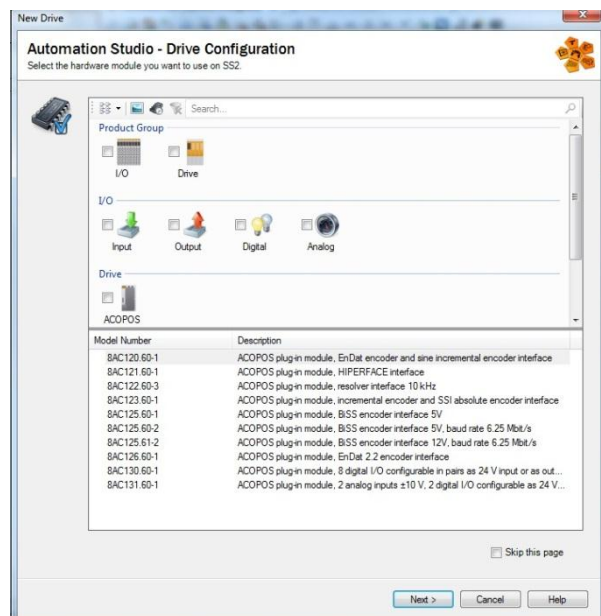
In *Physical View* select right click the power link interface (PLK) -> *System Designer*.



From the "Toolbox Hardware Catalog" add the „ACOPOS servo drive 8V1010.00-2" by double click.

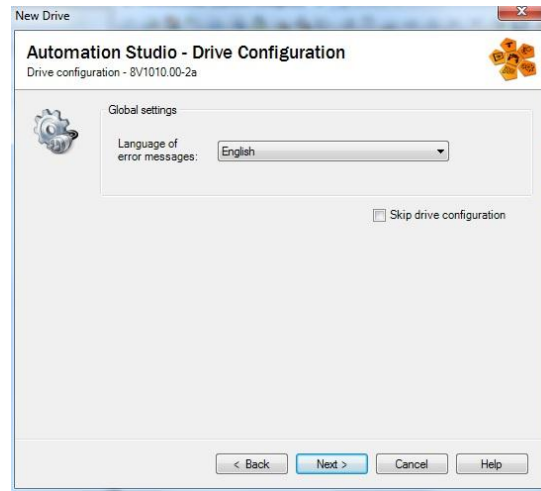


The window „New Drive" can be confirmed three times with ->Next.



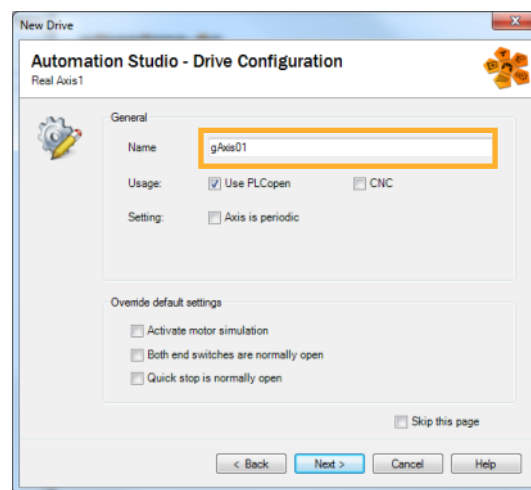
Choose the language for the error messages of the virtual axis.

->Next



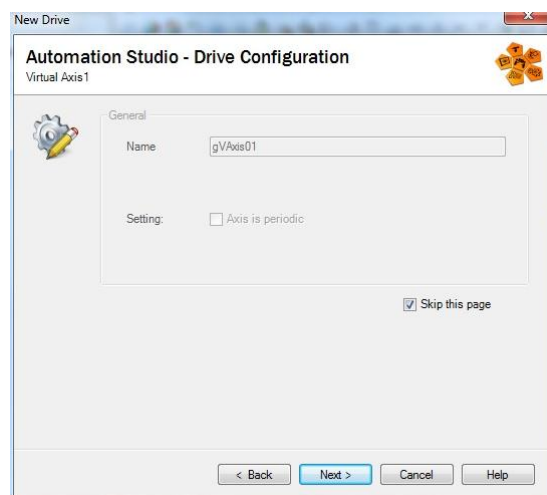
Write a name for the virtual axis.

->Next



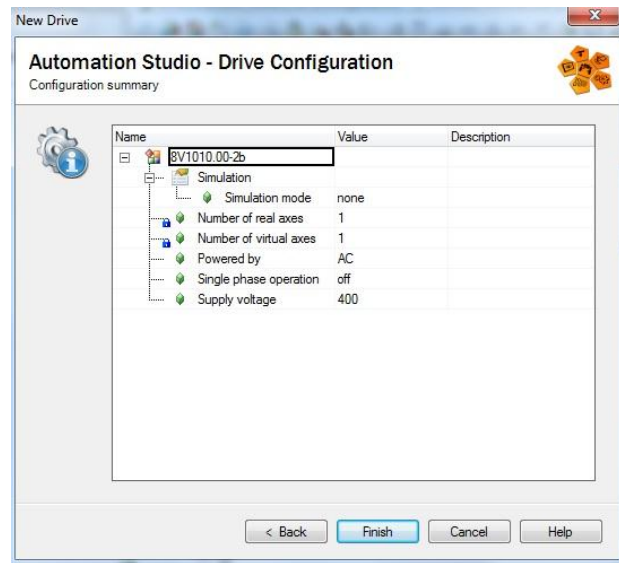
Confirm this window with

->Next

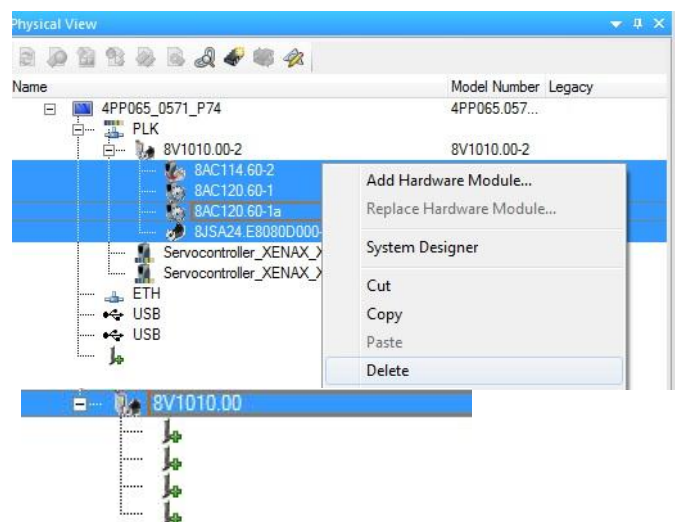


Confirm the „Configuration summary“ with

->Finish

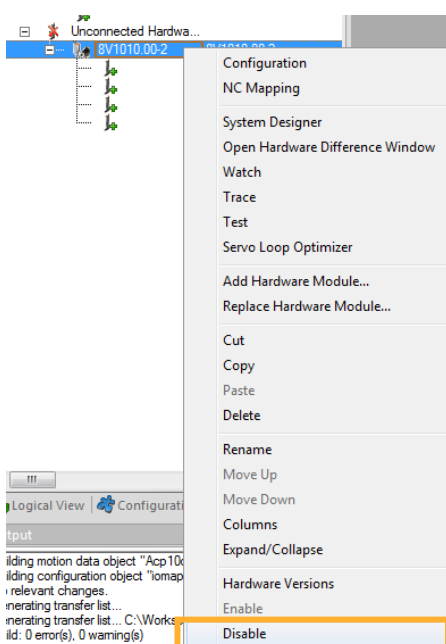


In the *Physical View* under the B&R PLC (here X20CP1485-1) the new virtual Axis with all its functionalities can be seen. Because we only use this Axis virtual, we need to delete all the function objects. Select all -> right click-> Delete

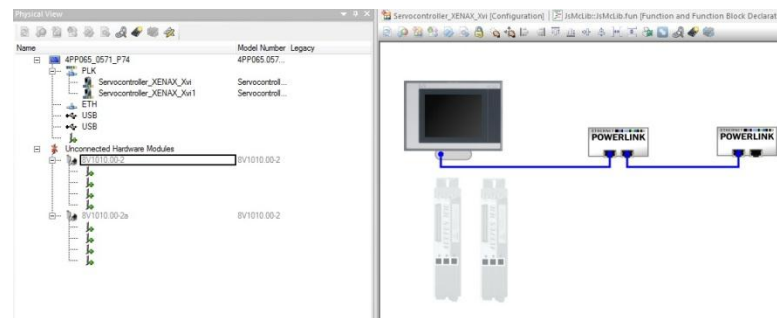


Because there is no real connection between the B&R PLC and the virtual Axis, we need to disable the Axis.

Right click -> Disable

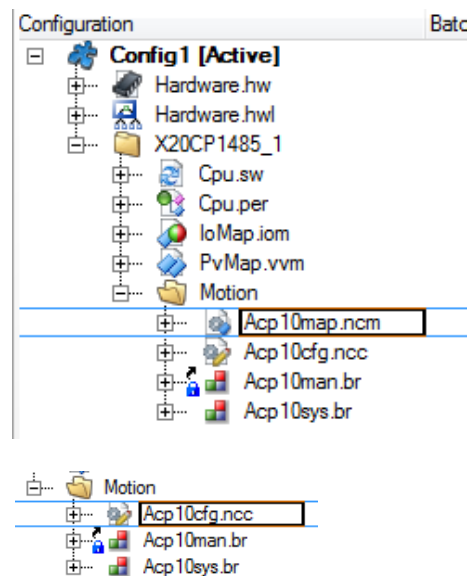


**Note:**  
This example works with 2 Axis.  
A second virtual Axis has to be included.



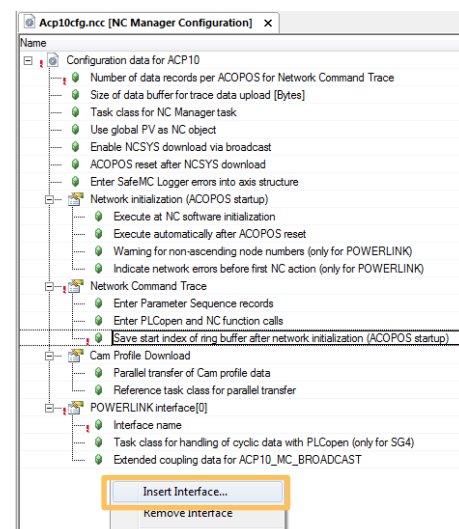
### 6.3 Insert interface for virtual axis

In the *Configurations View* under *X20CP1485\_1*  
-> *Motion*. Mark "Acp10map.ncm" and delete.



To open the NC Manager configuration double  
click on "Acp10cfg.ncc".

Right click on an empty spot in the NC manager  
Configuration -> Insert Interface...



Select Smart Device Controller (SDC) and confirm with OK.

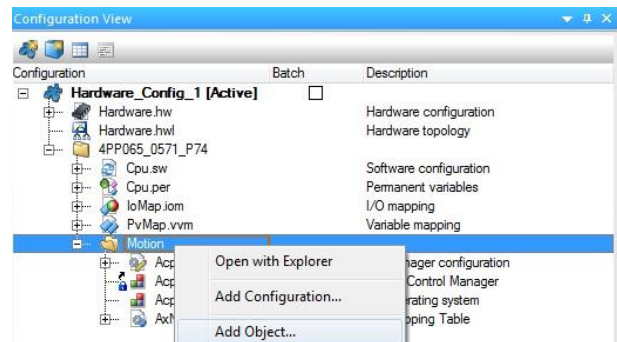
**Note:** This step has to be made twice, once for each axis.



### 6.3.1 Insert the NC-Mapping Table

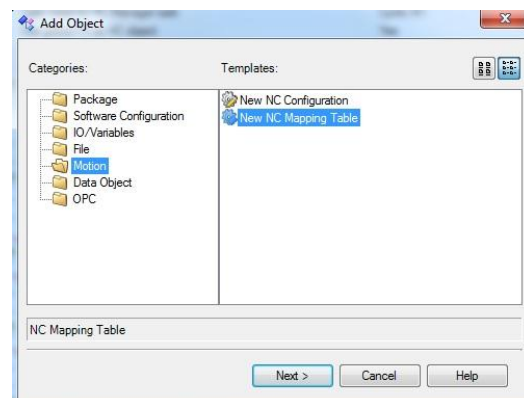
The NC Mapping table will be used for every virtual axis and needs to be inserted only once.

Under *Configuration View*  
-> X20CP1485\_1 -> right click on *Motion* -> Add  
Object...



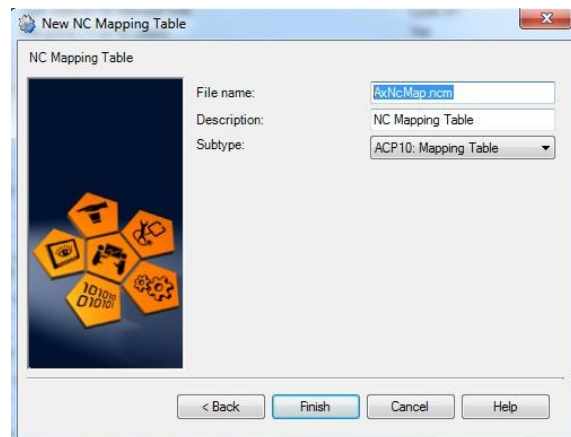
*Categories -> Motion -> Templates -> New NC Mapping Table*

-> Next

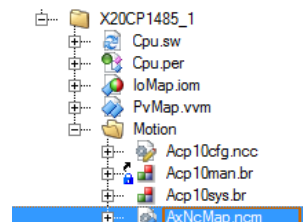


Insert name „AxNcMap.ncm“

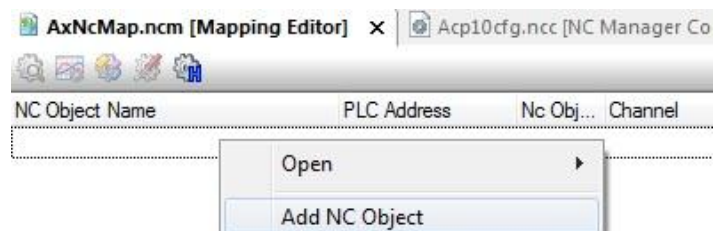
-> Finish



To open The NC Mapping Table double click AxNcMap.ncm in the “Configuration View”.



Right click “Add NC Object”



The following parameters need to be set for the NC object.

„NC Object Name“ is similar to the name of the inserted virtual Axis.

This step is also taken twice

NC Object Name	PLC Address	Nc Object Type	Channel	Simulation	NC INIT Parameter	ACOPOS Parameter
gAxis01	SDC_IF1.STx	ncAXIS	1	Standard	gAxis01i	gAxis01a
gAxis02	SDC_IF2.STx	ncAXIS	1	Standard	gAxis02i	gAxis02a

### 6.3.2 Parameter-Adjustments

Open the *Logical View* select the inserted virtual Axis:

*gAxisXXobj* -> *gaxisXXi* double click.

The following parameter need to be adjusted:

ACP10AXIS\_typ -> dig\_in -> level

Adjust the Input functions as follows:  
 pos\_hw\_end to „ncACTIV\_HI“  
 neg\_hw\_end to „ncACTIV\_HI“  
 trigger2 to „ncACTIV\_HI“

## Input function

Name	Value	Unit	Description
gAxis01i::gAxis01i.ax [Init Parameter Table]			
ACP10AXIS_typ			Digital Inputs
level			Active Input Level
reference	ncACTIV_HI		Reference switch
pos_hw_end	ncACTIV_HI		Positive HW end switch
neg_hw_end	ncACTIV_HI		Negative HW end switch
trigger1	ncACTIV_HI		Trigger1
trigger2	ncACTIV_HI		Trigger2
encoder_if			Encoder Interface
parameter			Parameters

Set the maximum velocity (Speed), maximum acceleration (Acceleration) and maximum brake ramp (Deceleration), for the Project.

ACP10AXIS\_typ -> limit -> parameter

Speed (**v\_pos** und **v\_neg**), 4'500'000  
 Acceleration (**a1\_pos** und **a1\_neg**), 1.0e + 8  
 Deceleration (**a2\_pos** und **a2\_neg**), 1.0e + 8  
 Set to the maximum of the linear motor axis.

## Velocity, Acceleration and brake ramp

Name	Value	Unit	Description
limit			Limit value
parameter			Parameters
v_pos	4500000.0	Units/s	Speed in positive direction
v_neg	4500000.0	Units/s	Speed in negative direction
a1_pos	1.0e+08	Units/s²	Acceleration in positive direction
a2_pos	1.0e+08	Units/s²	Deceleration in positive direction
a1_neg	1.0e+08	Units/s²	Acceleration in negative direction
a2_neg	1.0e+08	Units/s²	Deceleration in negative direction
t_jolt	0	s	Jolt time

## Stroke

The Stroke has to match the mechanical limits of the linear motor.  
 In our example a ELAX® Ex30F20 is used. The maximum stroke of it is 30000 µm:  
 neg\_sw\_end = 0  
 pos\_sw\_end = 30000

Name	Value	Unit	Description
t_in_pos	0	s	Settling time before message 'In Position'
pos_sw_end	85000	Units	Positive SW end
neg_sw_end	0	Units	Negative SW end
ds_waming	500.0	Units	Lag error limit for display of a waming
ds_stop	1000.0	Units	Lag error limit for stop of a movement
a_stop	1.0e30	Units/s²	Acceleration limit for stop of a movement
dv_stop	0	1/s	Speed error limit for stop of a movement
dv_stop_mode	ncOFF		Mode for speed error monitoring

Time adjustment  
 ACP10AXIS\_typ -> controller -> position  
 t\_predict  
 t\_total

## Time

Name	Value	Unit	Description
controller			Controller
mode	ncPOSITION		Mode
position			Position Controller
kv	50	1/s	Proportional amplification
tn	0	s	Integral action time
t_predict	0.01	s	Prediction time
t_total	0.01	s	Total time
p_max	10000	Units/s	Maximum proportional action
i_max	0	Units/s	Maximum integral action

**Note:** This parameter adjustment has to be done for every virtual Axis.

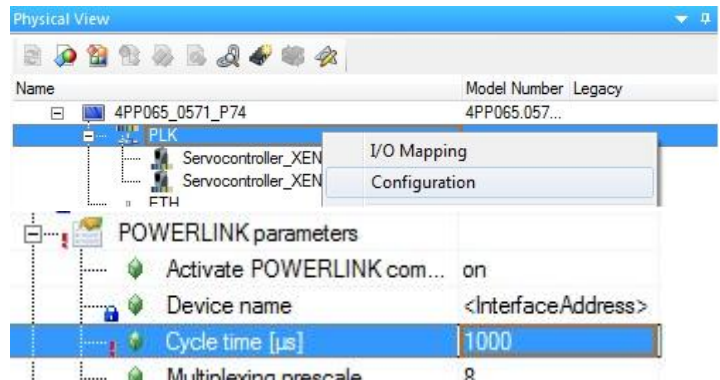


### 6.3.3 Cycle time

The time used should be as short as possible.

*Physical View* -> PLK -> right click -> Configuration

The cycle time is set to 1000[μs]

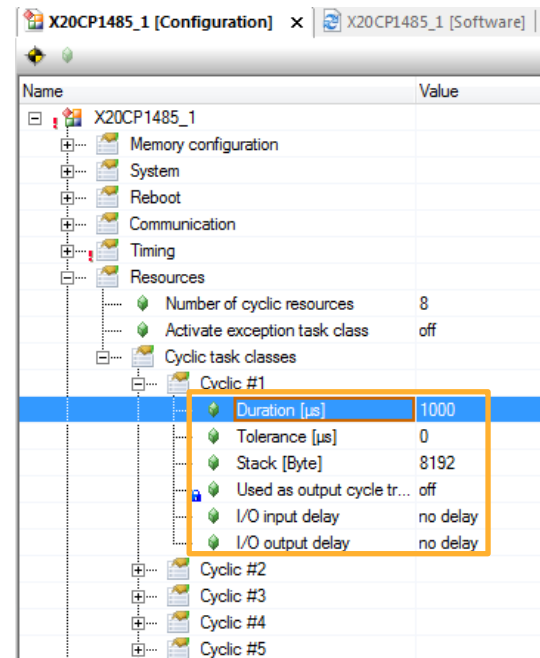


*Physical View* -> double click on the B&R PLC(here X20CP1485-1) -> right click *Cyclic #1* -> Properties.

Set the duration for the virtual Axis in the Cyclic#1 to 1000 μs.

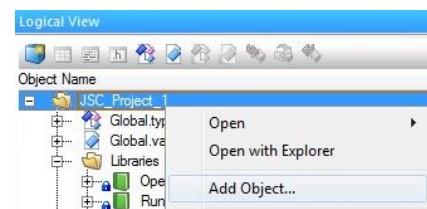
The Duration must be the same as the Powerlink Cycle Time which was set before.  
The "Tolerance" must be 0ms and "I/O outputs delay" has to be set to „no delay“

**Note:** If these settings aren't made like explained, the initialisation will be stopped by an error and a commissioning of the virtual axis won't be possible.



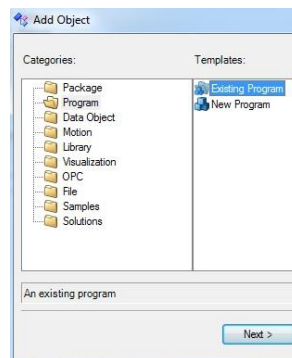
### 6.4 Insert Program Example

*Logical View* -> JSC\_Project\_1 -> right click-> Add Object...

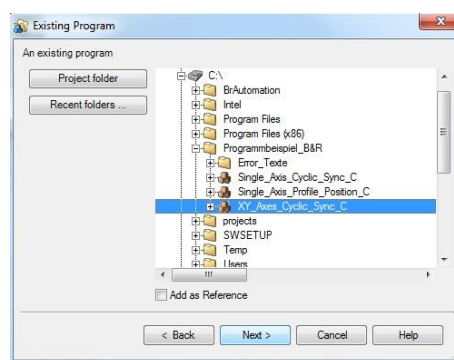




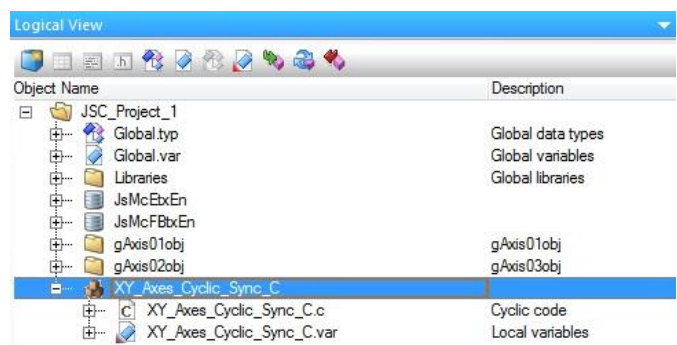
Categories: program ->Existing program -> Next



Select the path of the "XY\_Axes\_Cyclic\_Sync\_C".  
-> Next



The program can be seen now in the Logical View.



## 6.5 Configure Ethernet Interface

With double click on „XY\_Axes\_Cyclic\_Sync\_C.c“,  
the program code will be opened.  
In the code are the Ethernet Powerlink Interface  
Adress (Ifx) the node number and the used error  
object.

**Ethernet Powerlink Address EPL:**

Adapt the line

```
instJS_MC_Init.pDevice = (UDINT)"IF4";
```

The Powerlink address is for both XENAX® Servo Controller the same.

```
/* pass address of interface address */
instJS_MC_Init_1.pDevice = (UDINT)"IF4";
instJS_MC_Init_2.pDevice = (UDINT)"IF4";
```

**Node Nr.**

The node number is defined in the line

```
instJS_MC_Init.Node= 1 (here 1 & 2).
```

The node number has to be the same as the CI (Card Identifier) of the XENAX® Servo Controller. The CI is explained above.

```
/* initialize node number */
instJS_MC_Init_1.Node = 1;
instJS_MC_Init_2.Node = 2;
/* set the desired mode of operation */
```

**Coupling the virtual Axis**

In the row:

```
Virtual_Axis_Ref_1 = (int) & (gAxis01);
und instJS_MC_MoveCyclic_1.Axis =
      Axis_Ref_1;
```

the axis names (gAxis01 & gAxis02) are visible.

The name in the program code has to correspond the axis name to successfully couple the virtual axis.

```
/* Reference to the virtual ADC axis */
Virtual_Axis_Ref_1 = (int)&(gAxis01);
Virtual_Axis_Ref_2 = (int)&(gAxis02);
/* transfer position from virtual axis to the real XENAX® axis */
instJS_MC_MoveCyclic_1.Axis      = Axis_Ref_1;
instJS_MC_MoveCyclic_2.Axis      = Axis_Ref_2;
if(bFIRSTRUN == bTRUE)
{
    instJS_MC_MoveCyclic_1.Position = gAxis01.monitor.s;
    instJS_MC_MoveCyclic_2.Position = gAxis02.monitor.s;
}
```

## 6.6 Move Program Example to Task with Desired Cycle Time

Under Physical View -> B&R PLC -> double click -> Software Configuration

The program example is always in Cyclic #4(100ms) as default.

Object Name	Version	Transfer To	Size (bytes)
CPU			
Cyclic #1 - [1 ms]			
Cyclic #2 - [20 ms]			
Cyclic #3 - [50 ms]			
Cyclic #4 - [100 ms]			
XY_Axes_Cy	1.00.0	UserROM	
Cyclic #5 - [200 ms]			

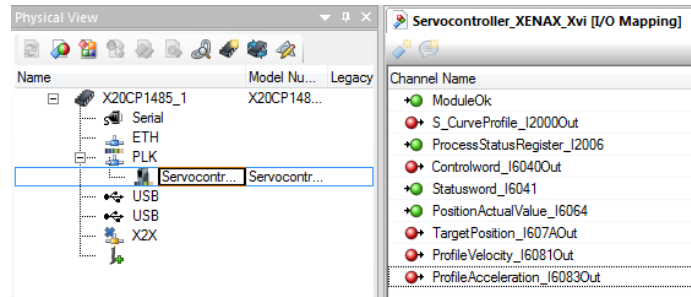
We move the program example to the „Cyclic #1“, which has a shorter cycle time (1ms).

Object Name	Version	Transfer To	Size (bytes)
CPU			
Cyclic #1 - [1 ms]			
XY_Axes_Cy	1.00.0	UserROM	
Cyclic #2 - [20 ms]			
Cyclic #3 - [50 ms]			

## 6.7 I/O Mapping, connect the .xdd Channels with the program variables.

To use the .xdd-Channels (cyclic data of the XENAX®) in the library they have to be connected to a "Process Variable".

*Physical View*, double click on XENAX® Servo Controller -> I/O Mapping.



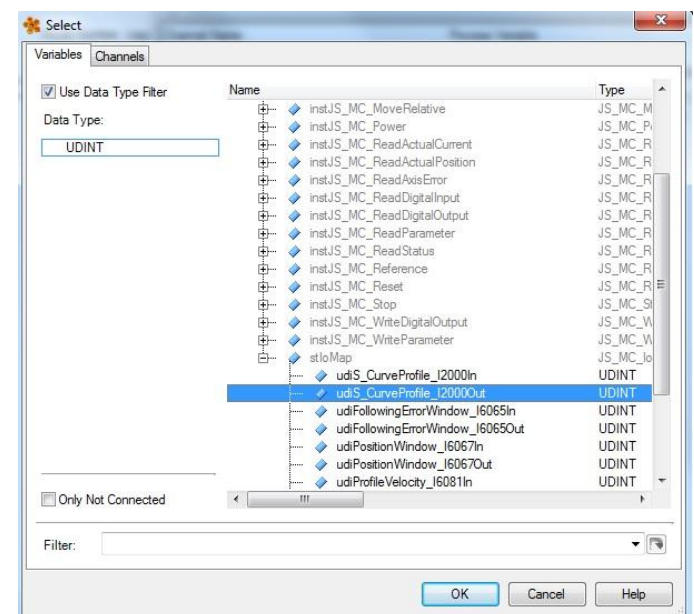
Select in the row „Process Variable“ the cell of the desired Channel (e.g.: S\_CurveProfile\_I2000Out). Click on the Symbol.

Channel Name	Process Variable	Data Type
ModuleOk		BOOL
S_CurveProfile_I2000Out		UDINT
ProcessStatusRegister_I2006		DINT
Controlword_I6040Out		UINT

The Window "Select" will be opened

Please open the according program with the symbol.

In the tree layout of „stloMap“ there are all "Process Variables" which have a data type that matches the channel.  
Select the corresponding variables for the channel.



-> OK

After the process variables are selected, the path can be seen in the "I/O Mapping".

Every channel needs to be connected to a process variable.  
This has to be done for every XENAX®

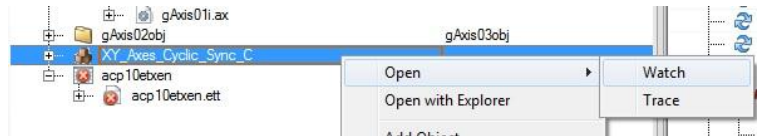
Channel Name	Process Variable
ModuleOk	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_1.bModuleOK
S_CurveProfile_I2000Out	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_1.udiS_CurveProfile_I2000Out
ProcessStatusRegister_I2006	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_1.diProcessStatusRegister_I2006In
Controlword_I6040Out	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_1.uiControlword_I6040Out
Statusword_I6041	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.uiStatusword_I6041In
PositionActualValue_I6064	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_1.diPositionActualValue_I6064In
TargetPosition_I607AOut	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_1.diTargetPosition_I607AOut

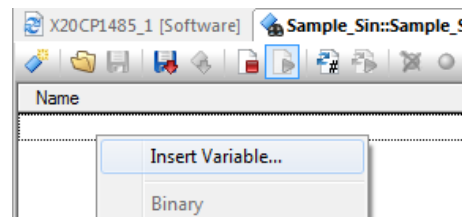
Channel Name	Process Variable
ModuleOk	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.bModuleOK
S_CurveProfile_I2000Out	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.udiS_CurveProfile_I2000Out
ProcessStatusRegister_I2006	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.diProcessStatusRegister_I2006In
Controlword_I6040Out	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.uiControlword_I6040Out
Statusword_I6041	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.uiStatusword_I6041In
PositionActualValue_I6064	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.diPositionActualValue_I6064In
TargetPosition_I607AOut	::XY_Axes_Cy:stloMap_2.diTargetPosition_I607AOut

## 6.8 Start Program Example

Logial View -> double click on the B&R PLC (here X20CP1485-1) -> right click on the program example „XY\_Axes\_Cyclic\_Sync\_C“ -> Open -> Watch



An empty window will be opened, right click -> Insert Variable...

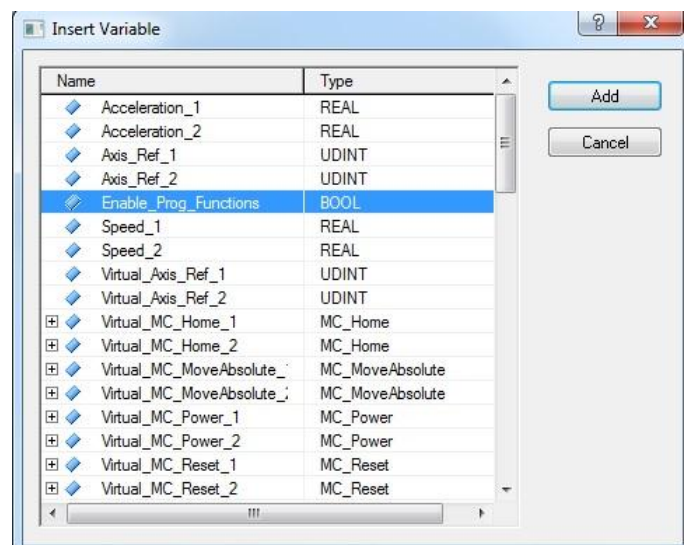


The „Insert Variable“ window is opened with all the function blocks and variables of the program example.

Select the required variables and function blocks. You will need at least the following:

Enable\_Prog\_Functions  
instJS\_MC\_ReadAxisError\_1  
instJS\_MC\_ReadAxisError\_2  
instJS\_MC\_Reset\_1  
instJS\_MC\_Reset\_2  
szAxisErrorText\_1  
szAxisErrorText\_2  
bReset\_1

->Add



Set the “Enable\_Prog\_Functions” to TRUE to start the program. With FALSE the program is idling in a loop.

A Error can be quit by setting the bReset\_1 to TRUE.

Name	Type	Scope	Force	Value
Enable_Prog_Functions	BOOL	local		FALSE
instJS_MC_ReadAxisError_1	JS_MC_ReadAx	local		
instJS_MC_ReadAxisError_2	JS_MC_ReadAx	local		
instJS_MC_Reset_1	JS_MC_Reset	local		
bReset_1	BOOL	local		FALSE
instJS_MC_Reset_2	JS_MC_Reset	local		
szAxisErrorText_1	STRING[50]	local		'00 No error pending'
szAxisErrorText_2	STRING[50]	local		'00 No error pending'

### Note:

In the help of the library there is a program example with 1 Axis in Cyclic Synchronized mode.

## Notes

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